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DS90C031
LVDS Quad CMOS Differential Line Driver

General Description

The DS90C031 is a quad CMOS differential line driver designed for applications requiring ultra low power dissipation and high data rates. The device is designed to support data rates in excess of 155.5 Mbps (77.7 MHz) utilizing Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) technology.

The DS90C031 accepts TTL/CMOS input levels and translates them to low voltage (350 mV) differential output signals. In addition the driver supports a TRI-STATE® function that may be used to disable the output stage, disabling the load current, and thus dropping the device to an ultra low idle power state of 11 mW typical.

The DS90C031 and companion line receiver (DS90C032) provide a new alternative to high power psuedo-ECL devices for high speed point-to-point interface applications.

Features

- >155.5 Mbps (77.7 MHz) switching rates
- ±350 mV differential signaling
- Ultra low power dissipation
- 400 ps maximum differential skew (5V, 25°C)
- 3.5 ns maximum propagation delay
- Industrial operating temperature range
- Military operating temperature range option
- Available in surface mount packaging (SOIC) and (LCC)
- Pin compatible with DS26C31, MB571 (PECL) and 41LG (PECL)
- Compatible with IEEE 1596.3 SCI LVDS standard
- Conforms to ANSI/TIA/EIA-644 LVDS standard
- Available to Standard Microcircuit Drawing (SMD) 5962-95833

Connection Diagrams

Dual-In-Line

DS011946-1

Order Number DS90C031TM
See NS Package Number M16A

LCC Package

DS011946-33

Order Number DS90C031E-QML
See NS Package Number E20A
For Complete Military Specifications,
refer to appropriate SMD or MDS.
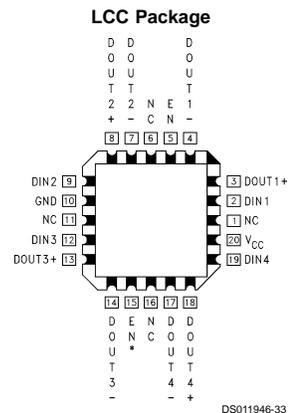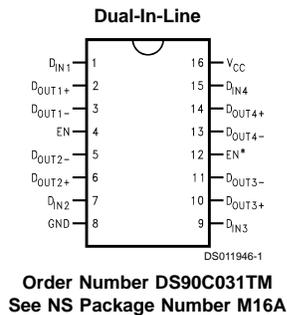
Functional Diagram

DS011946-2
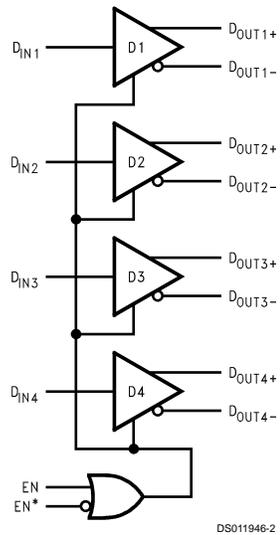
Truth Table

DRIVER

Enables		Input	Outputs	
EN	EN*	D_{IN}	D_{OUT+}	D_{OUT-}
L	H	X	Z	Z
All other combinations		L	L	H
of ENABLE inputs		H	H	L

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	−0.3V to +6V
Input Voltage (D_{IN})	−0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
Enable Input Voltage (EN, EN*)	−0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
Output Voltage (D_{OUT+}, $D_{OUT−}$)	−0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
Short Circuit Duration (D_{OUT+}, $D_{OUT−}$)	Continuous
Maximum Package Power Dissipation @ +25°C	
M Package	1068 mW
E Package	1900 mW
Derate M Package	8.5 mW/°C above +25°C
Derate E Package	12.8 mW/°C above +25°C
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature Range Soldering (4 sec.)	+260°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (DS90C031T)	+150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (DS90C031E)	+175°C
ESD Rating (Note 7)	
(HBM, 1.5 kΩ, 100 pF)	≥ 3,500V
(EIAJ, 0 Ω, 200 pF)	≥ 250V

Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	+4.5	+5.0	+5.5	V
Operating Free Air Temperature (T_A)				
DS90C031T	−40	+25	+85	°C
DS90C031E	−55	+25	+125	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Over supply voltage and operating temperature ranges, unless otherwise specified. (Notes 2, 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Pin	Min	Typ	Max	Units
V_{OD1}	Differential Output Voltage	R_L = 100Ω (*Figure 1*)		$D_{OUT−}$, D_{OUT+}	250	345	450	mV
ΔV_{OD1}	Change in Magnitude of V_{OD1} for Complementary Output States					4	35	|mV|
V_{OS}	Offset Voltage				1.125	1.25	1.375	V
ΔV_{OS}	Change in Magnitude of V_{OS} for Complementary Output States					5	25	|mV|
V_{OH}	Output Voltage High	R_L = 100Ω				1.41	1.60	V
V_{OL}	Output Voltage Low				0.90	1.07		V
V_{IH}	Input Voltage High			D_{IN}, EN, EN*	2.0		V_{CC}	V
V_{IL}	Input Voltage Low				GND		0.8	V
I_I	Input Current	V_{IN} = V_{CC}, GND, 2.5V or 0.4V			−10	±1	+10	µA
V_{CL}	Input Clamp Voltage	I_{CL} = −18 mA			−1.5	−0.8		V
I_{OS}	Output Short Circuit Current	V_{OUT} = 0V (Note 8)		$D_{OUT−}$, D_{OUT+}		−3.5	−5.0	mA
I_{OZ}	Output TRI-STATE Current	EN = 0.8V and EN* = 2.0V, V_{OUT} = 0V or V_{CC}			−10	±1	+10	µA
I_{CC}	No Load Supply Current Drivers Enabled	D_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND	DS90C031T	V_{CC}		1.7	3.0	mA
		D_{IN} = 2.5V or 0.4V				4.0	6.5	mA
I_{CCL}	Loaded Supply Current Drivers Enabled	R_L = 100Ω All Channels V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND (all inputs)	DS90C031T			15.4	21.0	mA
			DS90C031E			15.4	25.0	mA
I_{CCZ}	No Load Supply Current Drivers Disabled	D_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND EN = GND, EN* = V_{CC}	DS90C031T			2.2	4.0	mA
			DS90C031E			2.2	10.0	mA

Switching Characteristics

V_{CC} = +5.0V, T_A = +25°C DS90C031T. (Notes 3, 4, 6, 9)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{PHLD}	Differential Propagation Delay High to Low	R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 5 pF (*Figure 2* and *Figure 3*)	1.0	2.0	3.0	ns
t_{PLHD}	Differential Propagation Delay Low to High		1.0	2.1	3.0	ns
t_{SKD}	Differential Skew |t_{PHLD} − t_{PLHD}|		0	80	400	ps
t_{SK1}	Channel-to-Channel Skew (Note 4)		0	300	600	ps

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Switching Characteristics (Continued)

$V_{CC} = +5.0V$, $T_A = +25°C$ DS90C031T. (Notes 3, 4, 6, 9)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{TLH}	Rise Time			0.35	1.5	ns
t_{THL}	Fall Time			0.35	1.5	ns
t_{PHZ}	Disable Time High to Z	$R_L = 100\Omega$,		2.5	10	ns
t_{PLZ}	Disable Time Low to Z	$C_L = 5$ pF		2.5	10	ns
t_{PZH}	Enable Time Z to High	(*Figure 4* and *Figure 5*)		2.5	10	ns
t_{PZL}	Enable Time Z to Low			2.5	10	ns

Switching Characteristics

$V_{CC} = +5.0V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40°C$ to $+85°C$ DS90C031T. (Notes 3, 4, 5, 6, 9)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{PHLD}	Differential Propagation Delay High to Low	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 5$ pF	0.5	2.0	3.5	ns
t_{PLHD}	Differential Propagation Delay Low to High	(*Figure 2* and *Figure 3*)	0.5	2.1	3.5	ns
t_{SKD}	Differential Skew $|t_{PHLD} - t_{PLHD}|$		0	80	900	ps
t_{SK1}	Channel-to-Channel Skew (Note 4)		0	0.3	1.0	ns
t_{SK2}	Chip to Chip Skew (Note 5)				3.0	ns
t_{TLH}	Rise Time			0.35	2.0	ns
t_{THL}	Fall Time			0.35	2.0	ns
t_{PHZ}	Disable Time High to Z	$R_L = 100\Omega$,		2.5	15	ns
t_{PLZ}	Disable Time Low to Z	$C_L = 5$ pF		2.5	15	ns
t_{PZH}	Enable Time Z to High	(*Figure 4* and *Figure 5*)		2.5	15	ns
t_{PZL}	Enable Time Z to Low			2.5	15	ns

Switching Characteristics

$V_{CC} = +5.0V \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -55°C$ to $+125°C$ DS90C031E. (Notes 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
t_{PHLD}	Differential Propagation Delay High to Low	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 20$ pF	0.5	2.0	5.0	ns
t_{PLHD}	Differential Propagation Delay Low to High	(*Figure 3*)	0.5	2.1	5.0	ns
t_{SKD}	Differential Skew $|t_{PHLD} - t_{PLHD}|$	C_L Connected between each Output and GND	0	0.08	3.0	ns
t_{SK1}	Channel-to-Channel Skew (Note 4)		0	0.3	3.0	ns
t_{SK2}	Chip to Chip Skew (Note 5)				4.5	ns
t_{PHZ}	Disable Time High to Z	$R_L = 100\Omega$,		2.5	20	ns
t_{PLZ}	Disable Time Low to Z	$C_L = 5$ pF		2.5	20	ns
t_{PZH}	Enable Time Z to High	(*Figure 4* and *Figure 5*)		2.5	20	ns
t_{PZL}	Enable Time Z to Low			2.5	20	ns

Parameter Measurement Information
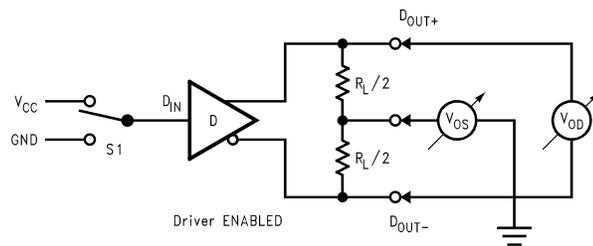

DS011946-3

FIGURE 1. Driver V_{OD} and V_{OS} Test Circuit

Parameter Measurement Information (Continued)
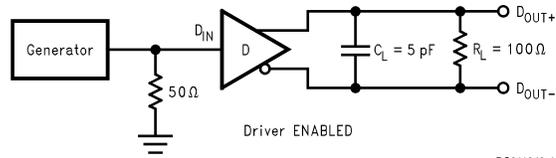
DS011946-4

**FIGURE 2. Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Test Circuit**

$$V_{DIFF} = D_{OUT+} - D_{OUT-}$$
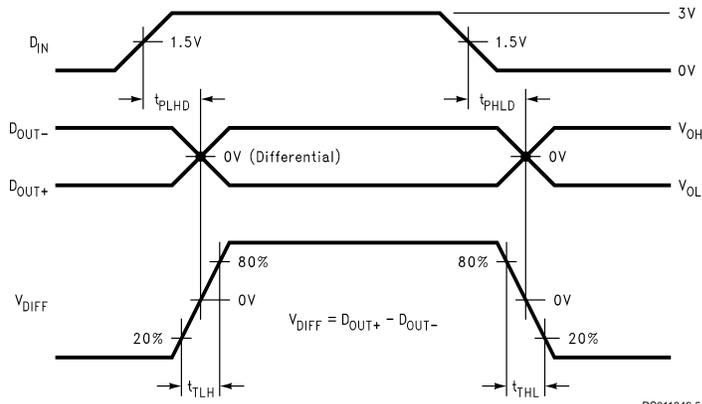
DS011946-5

FIGURE 3. Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Waveforms


1/4 DS90C031
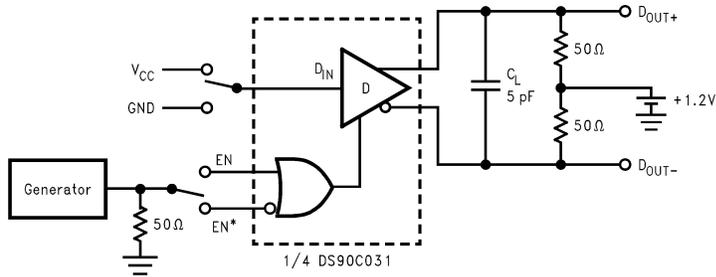
DS011946-6

FIGURE 4. Driver TRI-STATE Delay Test Circuit

Parameter Measurement Information (Continued)
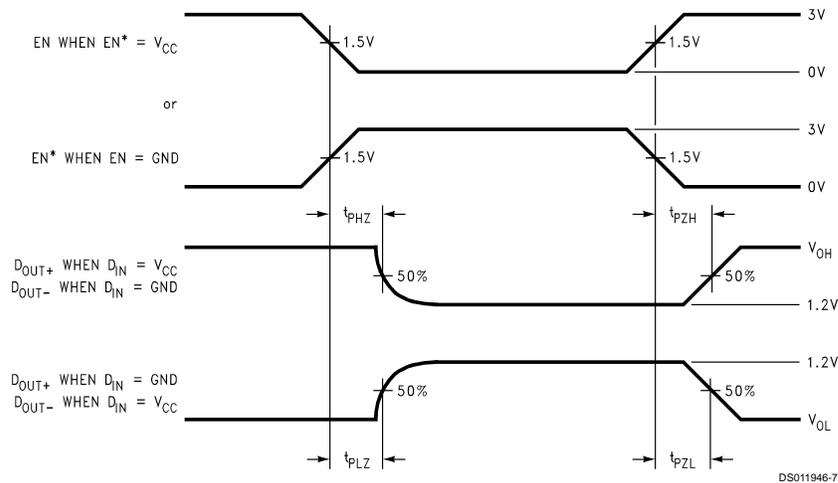
**FIGURE 5. Driver TRI-STATE Delay Waveform**

Typical Application
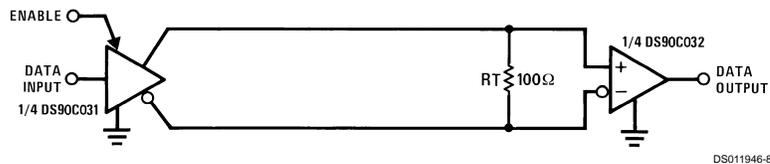
FIGURE 6. Point-to-Point Application

Applications Information

LVDS drivers and receivers are intended to be primarily used in an uncomplicated point-to-point configuration as is shown in *Figure 6*. This configuration provides a clean signaling environment for the quick edge rates of the drivers. The receiver is connected to the driver through a balanced media which may be a standard twisted pair cable, a parallel pair cable, or simply PCB traces. Typically, the characteristic impedance of the media is in the range of 100Ω. A termination resistor of 100Ω should be selected to match the media, and is located as close to the receiver input pins as possible. The termination resistor converts the current sourced by the driver into a voltage that is detected by the receiver. Other configurations are possible such as a multi-receiver configuration, but the effects of a mid-stream connector(s), cable stub(s), and other impedance discontinuities as well as ground shifting, noise margin limits, and total termination loading must be taken into account.

The DS90C031 differential line driver is a balanced current source design. A current mode driver, generally speaking has a high output impedance and supplies a constant current for a range of loads (a voltage mode driver on the other hand supplies a constant voltage for a range of loads). Current is switched through the load in one direction to produce a logic state and in the other direction to produce the other logic state. The typical output current is mere 3.4 mA, a minimum of 2.5 mA, and a maximum of 4.5 mA. The current mode **requires** (as discussed above) that a resistive termi-

nation be employed to terminate the signal and to complete the loop as shown in *Figure 6*. AC or unterminated configurations are not allowed. The 3.4 mA loop current will develop a differential voltage of 340 mV across the 100Ω termination resistor which the receiver detects with a 240 mV minimum differential noise margin neglecting resistive line losses (driven signal minus receiver threshold (340 mV − 100 mV = 240 mV)). The signal is centered around +1.2V (Driver Offset, V_{OS}) with respect to ground as shown in *Figure 7*. Note that the steady-state voltage (V_{SS}) peak-to-peak swing is twice the differential voltage (V_{OD}) and is typically 680 mV.

The current mode driver provides substantial benefits over voltage mode drivers, such as an RS-422 driver. Its quiescent current remains relatively flat versus switching frequency. Whereas the RS-422 voltage mode driver increases exponentially in most case between 20 MHz–50 MHz. This is due to the overlap current that flows between the rails of the device when the internal gates switch. Whereas the current mode driver switches a fixed current between its output without any substantial overlap current. This is similar to some ECL and PECL devices, but without the heavy static I_{CC} requirements of the ECL/PECL designs. LVDS requires 80% less current than similar PECL devices. AC specifications for the driver are a tenfold improvement over other existing RS-422 drivers.

The TRI-STATE function allows the driver outputs to be disabled, thus obtaining an even lower power state when the transmission of data is not required.

Applications Information (Continued)

The footprint of the DS90C031 is the same as the industry standard 26LS31 Quad Differential (RS-422) Driver.
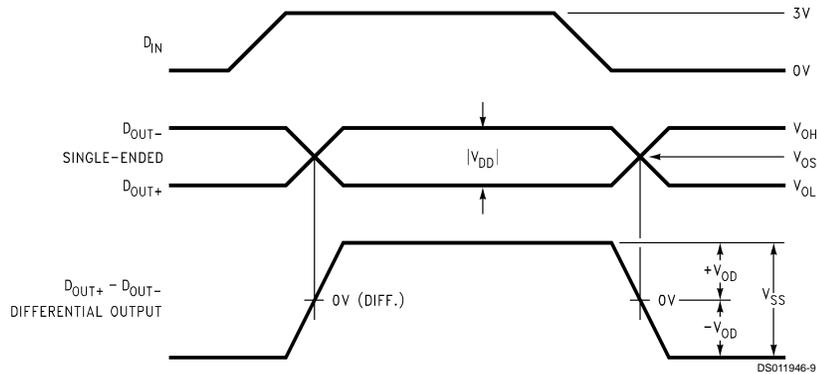
FIGURE 7. Driver Output Levels

Pin Descriptions

Pin No. (SOIC)	Name	Description
1, 7, 9, 15	D_{IN}	Driver input pin, TTL/CMOS compatible
2, 6, 10, 14	D_{OUT+}	Non-inverting driver output pin, LVDS levels
3, 5, 11, 13	D_{OUT-}	Inverting driver output pin, LVDS levels
4	EN	Active high enable pin, OR-ed with EN*
12	EN*	Active low enable pin, OR-ed with EN

Pin No. (SOIC)	Name	Description
16	V_{CC}	Power supply pin, +5V ± 10%
8	GND	Ground pin

Ordering Information

Operating Temperature	Package Type/ Number	Order Number
−40˚C to +85˚C	SOP/M16A	DS90C031TM
−55˚C to +125˚C	LCC/E20A	DS90C031E-QML
DS90C031E-QML	(NSID)	
5962-95833	(SMD)	

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of "Electrical Characteristics" specifies conditions of device operation.

Note 2: Current into device pins is defined as positive. Current out of device pins is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except: V_{OD1} and ΔV_{OD1}.

Note 3: All typicals are given for: V_{CC} = +5.0V, T_A = +25˚C.

Note 4: Channel-to-Channel Skew is defined as the difference between the propagation delay of the channel and the other channels in the same chip with an event on the inputs.

Note 5: Chip to Chip Skew is defined as the difference between the minimum and maximum specified differential propagation delays.

Note 6: Generator waveform for all tests unless otherwise specified: f = 1 MHz, Z_O = 50Ω, t_r ≤ 6 ns, and t_f ≤ 6 ns.

Note 7: ESD Ratings:

HBM (1.5 kΩ, 100 pF) ≥ 3,500V

EIAJ (0Ω, 200 pF) ≥ 250V

Note 8: Output short circuit current (I_{OS}) is specified as magnitude only, minus sign indicates direction only.

Note 9: C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Note 10: Guaranteed by characterization data (DS90C031E).

Typical Performance Characteristics

**Power Supply Current
vs Power Supply Voltage**
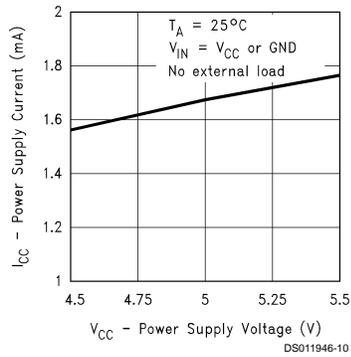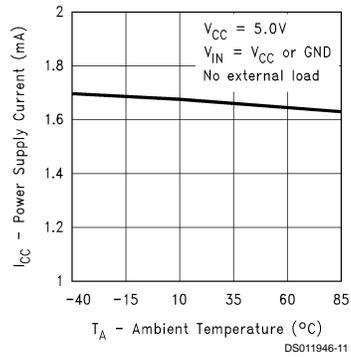

DS011946-10

**Power Supply Current
vs Temperature**

DS011946-11

**Power Supply Current
vs Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-12

**Power Supply Current
vs Temperature**

DS011946-13
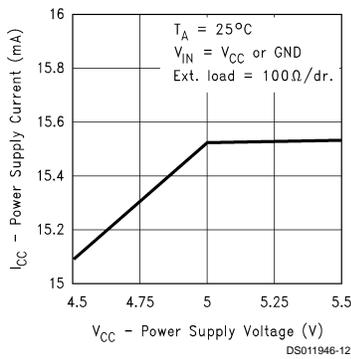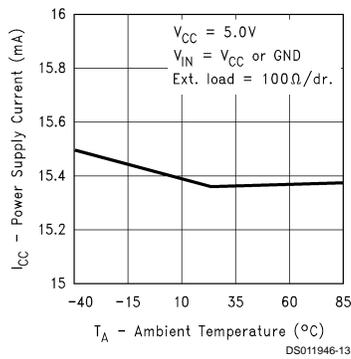
**Output TRI-STATE Current
vs Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-14
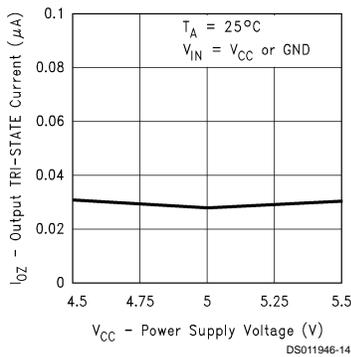
**Output Short Circuit Current
vs Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-15
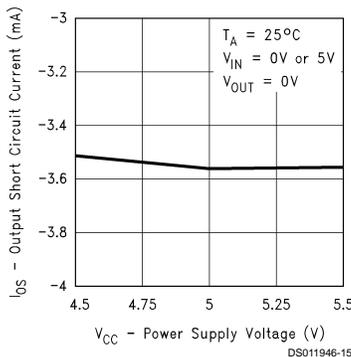
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

**Differential Output Voltage
vs Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-16
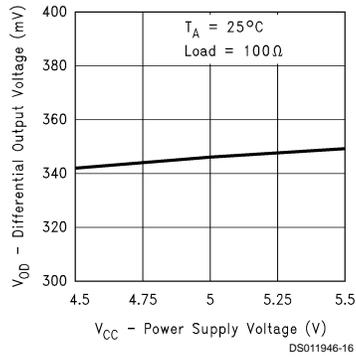
**Differential Output Voltage
vs Ambient Temperature**

DS011946-17
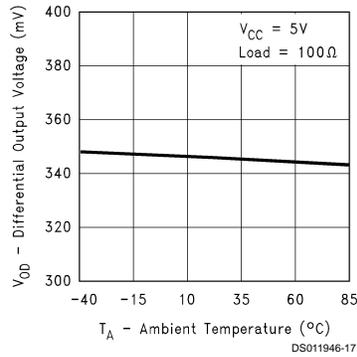
**Output Voltage High vs
Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-18
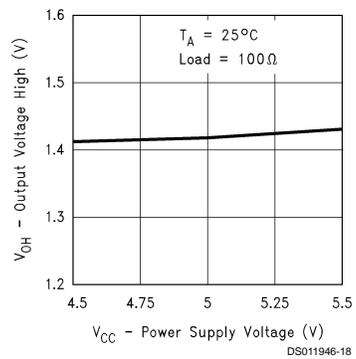
**Output Voltage High vs
Ambient Temperature**

DS011946-19
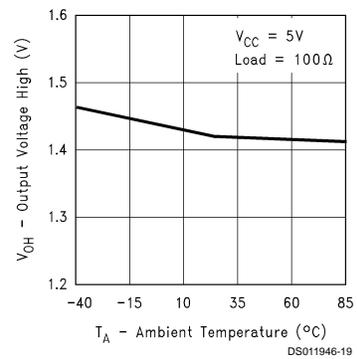
**Output Voltage Low vs
Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-20
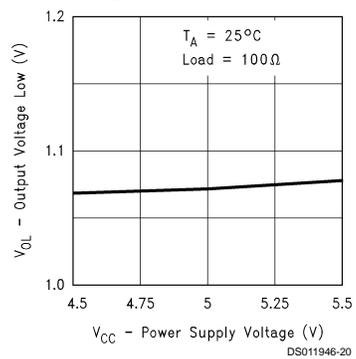
**Output Voltage Low vs
Ambient Temperature**

DS011946-21

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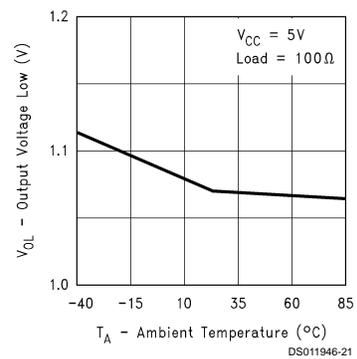
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

**Offset Voltage vs
Power Supply Voltage**
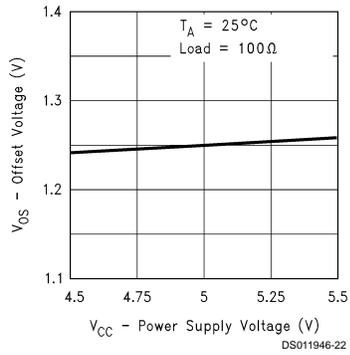
DS011946-22

**Offset Voltage vs
Ambient Temperature**
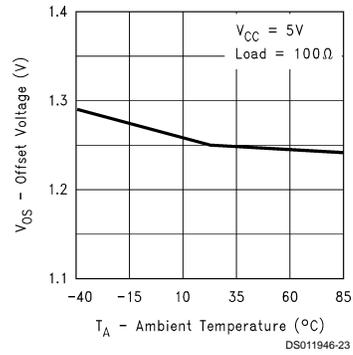
DS011946-23

**Power Supply Current
vs Frequency**

DS011946-24

**Power Supply Current
vs Frequency**

DS011946-25
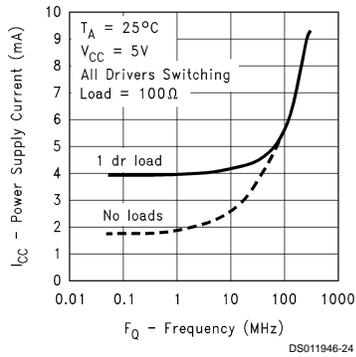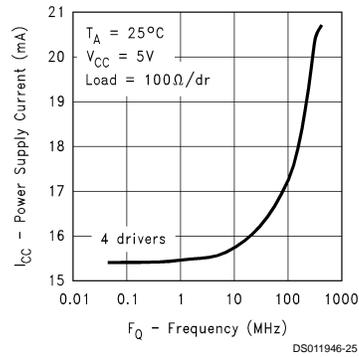
**Differential Output Voltage
vs Load Resistor**


DS011946-26
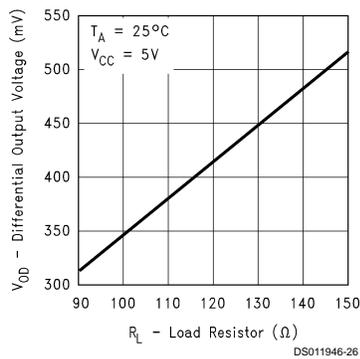
**Differential Propagation Delay
vs Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-27
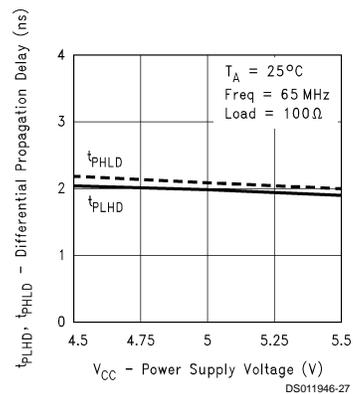
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

**Differential Propagation Delay
vs Ambient Temperature**

DS011946-28
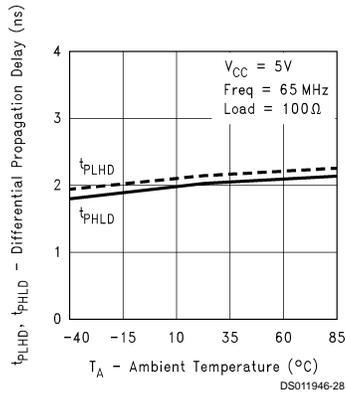
**Differential Skew vs
Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-29
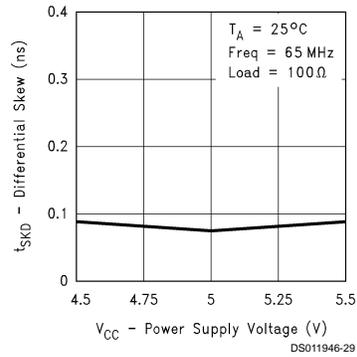
**Differential Skew vs
Ambient Temperature**

DS011946-30
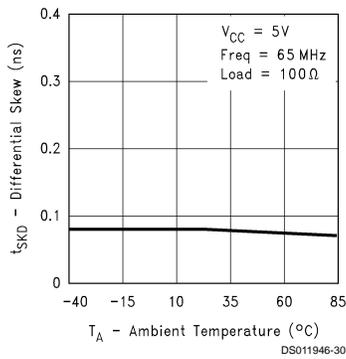
**Differential Transition Time
vs Power Supply Voltage**

DS011946-31
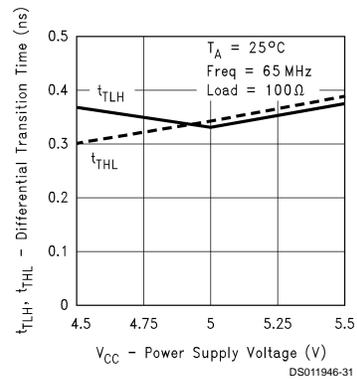
**Differential Transition Time
vs Ambient Temperature**

DS011946-32

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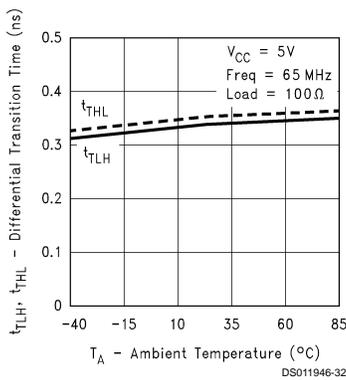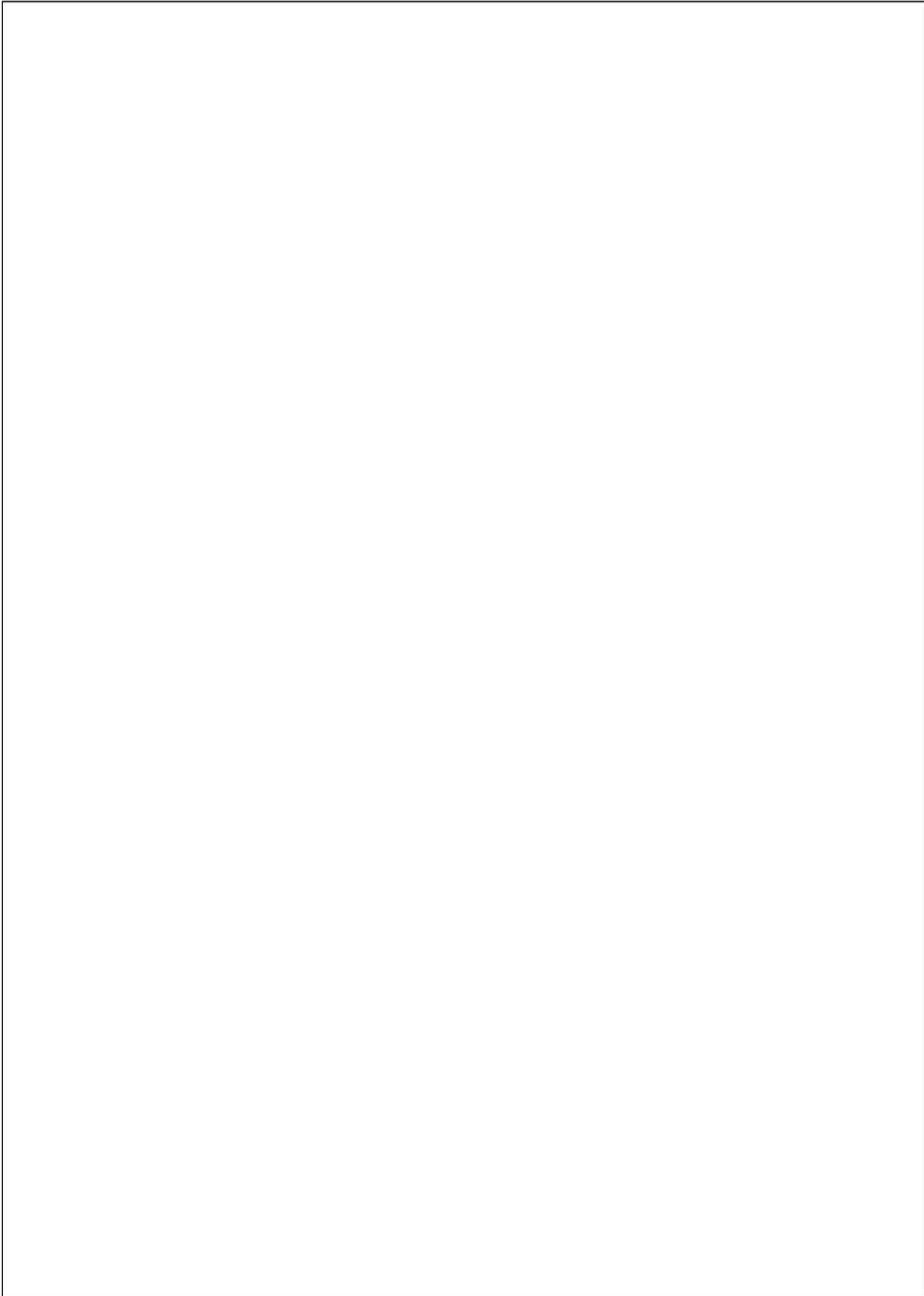
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

Top View

Side View

DETAIL A

0.350 ± 0.008
(8.890 ± 0.203)

0.063 − 0.075
(1.600 − 1.905)

0.200 ± 0.005
(5.080 ± 0.127)
TYP

45° × 0.015 ± 0.010
(0.381 ± 0.254)

0.015
(0.381)
MIN TYP

0.007 − 0.011
(0.178 − 0.279)
R TYP

0.022 − 0.028
(0.559 − 0.711)
TYP

0.077 − 0.093
(1.959 − 2.362)

PIN #1
INDEX

0.045 − 0.055
(1.143 − 1.397)
TYP

0.067 − 0.083
(1.702 − 2.108)
TYP

0.045 − 0.055
(1.143 − 1.397)
TYP

45° × 0.040 ± 0.010
(1.016 ± 0.254)
3 PLCS

Bottom View

0.003
(0.076)
MIN TYP

0.015
(0.381)
MAX TYP

0.022
(0.559)
MAX TYP

0.006
(0.152)
MIN TYP

Detail A

E20A (REV D)

20-Lead Ceramic Leadless Chip Carrier, Type C
Order Number DS90C031E-QML
NS Package Number E20A

0.386 − 0.394
(9.804 − 10.00)

0.228 − 0.244
(5.791 − 6.198)

30°
TYP

LEAD NO.1
IDENT

0.010 MAX
(0.254)

0.010 − 0.020
(0.254 − 0.508) × 45°

0.150 − 0.157
(3.810 − 3.988)

8° MAX TYP
ALL LEADS

0.008 − 0.010
(0.203 − 0.254)
TYP ALL LEADS

0.004
(0.102)
ALL LEAD TIPS

0.016 − 0.050
(0.406 − 1.270)
TYP ALL LEADS

0.053 − 0.069
(1.346 − 1.753)

0.004 − 0.010
(0.102 − 0.254)

SEATING
PLANE

0.014
(0.356)

0.050
(1.270)
TYP

0.008
(0.203) TYP

0.014 − 0.020
(0.356 − 0.508) TYP

M16A (REV H)
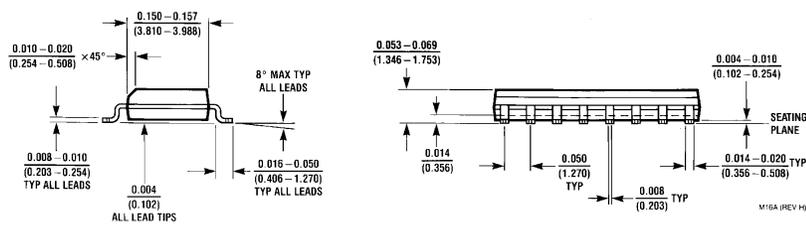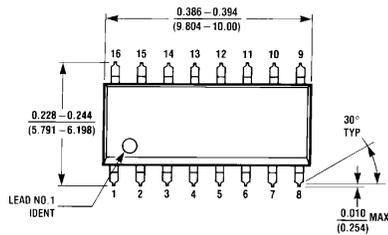
16-Lead (0.150″ Wide) Molded Small Outline Package, JEDEC
Order Number DS90C031TM
NS Package Number M16A

www.national.com

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

DS90C031 Product Folder

LVDS Quad CMOS Differential Line Driver

See Also: **DS90C031B** - high Z on power off & improved failsafe

General Description	Features	Datasheet	Package & Models	Samples & Pricing	Application Notes

Parametric Table

Supply Voltage	5 V
Process	CMOS
Number of Drivers	4

Parametric Table

Number of Receivers	0
Data Rate (Mbps)	155
Skew (ns)	1

Datasheet

Title	Size in Kbytes	Date	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
DS90C031 LVDS Quad CMOS Differential Line Driver	269 Kbytes	12-Oct-98	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
DS90C031 LVDS Quad CMOS Differential Line Driver (**JAPANESE**)	458 Kbytes		View Online	Download	Receive via
DS90C031 Mil-Aero Datasheet MNDS90C031-X-RH	258 Kbytes		View Online	Download	Receive via Email

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Package Availability, Models, Samples & Pricing

Part Number	Package			Status	Models		Samples & Electronic Orders	Budgetary Pricing		Std Pack Size	Package Marking
	Type	Pins	MSL		SPICE	IBIS		Qty	$US each		
DS90C031TM	SOIC NARROW	16	MSL	Full production	N/A	90c031tm.ibs	24 Hour Buy Now	1K+	$2.1200	rail of 48	[logo]¢U¢Z¢2¢T DS90C031TM
DS90C031TMX	SOIC NARROW	16	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A	Buy Now	1K+	$2.1200	reel of 2500	[logo]¢U¢Z¢2¢T DS90C031TM

DS90C031E-MIL	LCC	20	MSL	Preliminary	N/A	N/A				rail of N/A	[logo]¢Z¢S¢4¢A DS90C031E -MIL $E
5962-9583301Q2A	LCC	20	MSL	Full production	N/A	N/A		250+	$31.5000	rail of 50	[logo]¢Z¢S¢4¢A 5962-95833 01Q2A DS90C031E -QML $E
DS90C031 MDC	Die			Full production	N/A	N/A	Samples			tray of N/A	-
DS90C031 MWC	Wafer			Full production	N/A	N/A				wafer jar of N/A	-
DS90C031 MD8	Die			Full production	N/A	N/A	Samples			tray of N/A	-
DS90C031 MW8	Wafer			Full production	N/A	N/A				wafer jar of N/A	-

General Description

The is a quad CMOS differential line driver designed for applications requiring ultra low power dissipation and high data rates. The device is designed to support data rates in excess of 155.5 Mbps (77.7 MHz) utilizing Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) technology.

The accepts TTL/CMOS input levels and translates them to low voltage (350 mV) differential output signals. In addition the driver supports a TRI-STATE function that may be used to disable the output stage, disabling the load current, and thus dropping the device to an ultra low idle power state of 11 mW typical.

The and companion line receiver (DS90C032) provide a new alternative to high power psuedo-ECL devices for high speed point-to-point interface applications.

Features

- >155.5 Mbps (77.7 MHz) switching rates
- ±350 mV differential signaling
- Ultra low power dissipation
- 400 ps maximum differential skew (5V, 25°C)
- 3.5 ns maximum propagation delay
- Industrial operating temperature range
- Military operating temperature range option
- Available in surface mount packaging (SOIC) and (LCC)
- Pin compatible with DS26C31, MB571 (PECL) and 41LG (PECL)
- Compatible with IEEE 1596.3 SCI LVDS standard
- Conforms to ANSI/TIA/EIA-644 LVDS standard
- Available to Standard Microcircuit Drawing (SMD) 5962-95833

Application Notes

Title	Size in Kbytes	Date	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
AN-971: Application Note 971 An Overview of LVDS Technology	168 Kbytes	5-Oct-98	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
Application Note 971 An Overview of LVDS Technology (**JAPANESE**)	182 Kbytes		View Online	Download	Receive via
AN-1088: Application Note 1088 LVDS Signal Quality: Cable Drive Measurements using Eye Patterns Test Report #3	130 Kbytes	2-Mar-99	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
AN-1110: Application Note 1110 LVDS Quad Dynamic I CC vs Frequency	159 Kbytes	6-Oct-98	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
AN-1040: Application Note 1040 LVDS Performance: Bit Error Rate (BER) Testing Test Report #2	56 Kbytes	6-Oct-98	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
AN-977: Application Note 977 LVDS Signal Quality: Jitter Measurements Using Eye Patterns Test Report #1	63 Kbytes	5-Oct-98	View Online	Download	Receive via Email
Application Note 977 LVDS Signal Quality: Jitter Measurements Using Eye Patterns Test Report #1 (**JAPANESE**)	104 Kbytes		View Online	Download	Receive via

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[Information as of 5-Aug-2002]