Using the UCC25600EVM

User's Guide

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

LLC Resonant Half-Bridge Converter, 300-W Evaluation Module

1   Introduction

The UCC25600 evaluation module, EVM (HPA341), is a 300-W LLC resonant half-bridge converter, providing a regulated output voltage nominally at 12 V at maximum 300 W of load power with reinforced isolation of AC-DC off-line application between the primary and the secondary, operating from a DC source of 390 V. The EVM uses the UCC25600 resonant half-bridge controller which integrates built-in state of the art efficiency boost features with high level protection features to provide cost effective solutions for LLC resonant half-bridge converter applications. The secondary side uses two daughter cards, HPA410, with diodes to make rectification.

Proper precautions must be taken when working with the EVM. High voltage levels, over 390 V, and temperature higher than 70°C are present on the EVM when it is powered on and after power off for a short time as well. Forced air cooling is required when the EVM is powered on.

2   Description

2.1   Typical Applications

LLC resonant half-bridge converters are seen in applications such as TVs. The converters produce higher power conversion efficiency from their zero-voltage switching. Such converters are intended to extend to low-voltage applications such as ATX12 power supplies for computers and servers to obtain better energy conservation and savings. The EVM provides a platform to evaluate UCC25600 LLC resonant controller from a PFC input voltage and 12-V output rated at 300-W output power.

2.2   Features

The UCC25600EVM, HPA341, features:

- 300-W Output Power Rating
- High Efficiency 92% Peak and Over 91% at Full Load
- Regulated Output Nominal of 12 V
- Input DC Voltage of 390 V
- Plenty of Test Points to Facilitate the Device Evaluation
- Over-Current Protection
- Output Over-Voltage Protection
- Burst Operation at Light Load

3 Electrical Performance Specifications

Table 1. UCC25600EVM Electrical Performance Specifications

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Characteristics					
Voltage range	V_{IN}	375	390	405	V_{DC}
Maximum input current	V_{IN} = 390 V_{DC} , I_{OUT} = 25A			0.88	A
Switching frequency	V_{IN} = 390 V_{DC} , I_{OUT} = 25A		110		kHz
Output Characteristics					
Output voltage V_{OUT}	V_{IN}: 390 V_{DC} , I_{OUT}: 1A	11.9	12	12.2	V_{DC}
Load current1 [1]	V_{IN}: 390 V_{DC}	0		25	A
Continuous output power	V_{IN}: 390 V_{DC}			300	W
Line regulation	V_{IN}: 375 V_{DC} to 405 V_{DC} , I_{OUT} = 1.0A			5	mV
Load regulation	V_{IN}: 390 V_{DC} , I_{OUT}: 1 - 25A			50	
Load starting burst [1]	V_{IN}: 390 V_{DC}		0.5		A
Ripple and noise (20 MHz BW)	V_{IN}: 390 V_{DC} , I_{OUT} = 25A			120	mVpk-pk
Over current threshold, I_{o_ocp}	V_{IN}: 390 V_{DC}		30		A
Max power limit	V_{IN}: 390 V_{DC}		350		W
Efficiency					
Peak	V_{IN} = 390 V_{DC} , I_{OUT} = 15 A		92.5%		
Full load	V_{IN} = 390 V_{DC} , I_{OUT} = 25 A		91%		
Operation ambient temperature	Full load, forced air cooling 400 LFM			45	°C

[1] The EVM output may present saw-tooth waveforms or a voltage higher than the regulation point typically about 13.1 V depending on load levels and the speed when the load is reduced. The saw-tooth waveform is caused by UCC25600 burst operation. The output voltage of 13.1 V is caused by output over voltage protection.
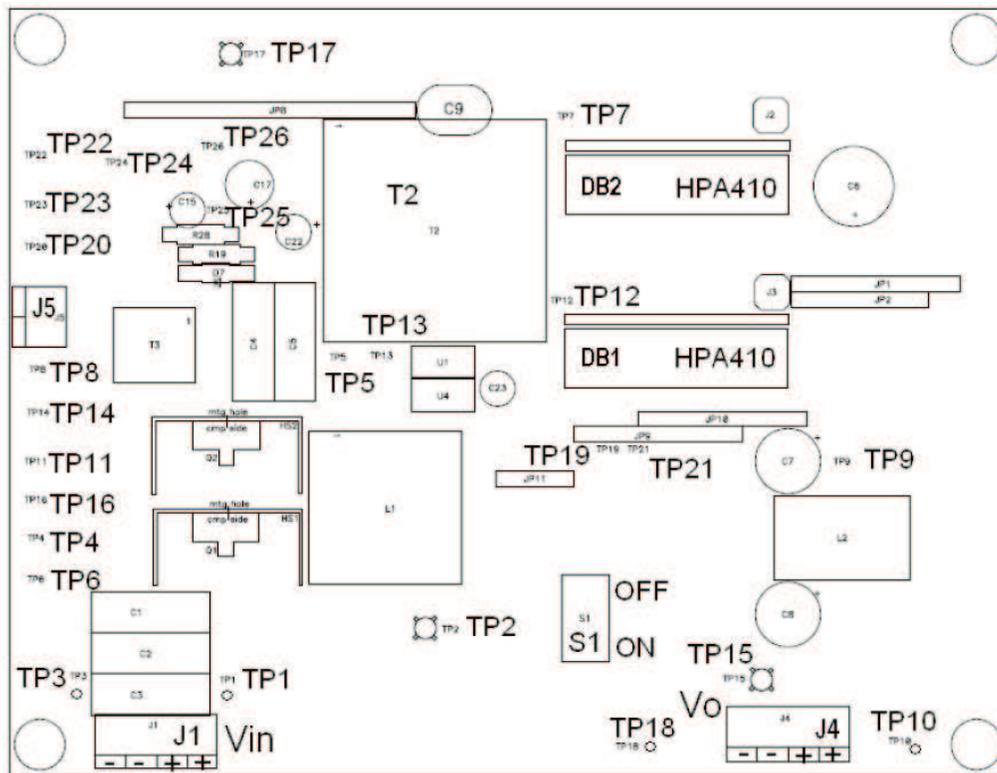
4 Schematic

Figure 1. UCC25600EVM Schematic

5 Test Setup

5.1 List of Test Points

The EVM provides plenty of test points to facilitate the device's evaluation work. All test points are divided into two major groups – primary test points and secondary test points. Their locations are shown in Figure 2. The list below helps users to identify the functions of each test point.

Figure 2. Test Point Location

Table 2 shown below lists the functions of each test point.

Table 2. UCC25600EVM Test Points

PRIMARY TEST POINTS			SECONDARY TEST POINTS		
NAME	REF DES	CONNECTION	NAME	REF DES	CONNECTION
Vin	TP1	Module input voltage +	Vxm	TP7	T2 pin 12
PGND	TP3	Module input voltage -	Vxm	TP12	T2 pin 7
Vbias	TP20	Primary Bias 12V +	VOUT	TP9	T2 pin 9 & 10
GND	TP23	Primary Bias 12V -	VO+	TP10	Output +
SS	TP26	UCC25600 SS-pin	VO-	TP18	Output -
VDD	TP22	UCC25600 VCC-pin	Loop+	TP19	Loop measure +
GD1	TP24	UCC25600 pin 8	Loop-	TP21	Loop measure -
GD2	TP25	UCC25600 pin 5	VOripple	TP15	Output ripple
VG5	TP4	Q5 gate			
OC	TP17	UCC25600 pin 3			
VG6	TP11	Q6 gate			
SW1	TP6	Switch node of Q5 and Q6			
PGND	TP16	Power GND			
Icr	TP2	Resonant tank current			
Vxm	TP5	T2 pin 6			
Vcr	TP13	Resonant capacitor voltage			
OUTB	TP14	T3 pin 1			
OUTA	TP8	T3 pin 4			

5.2   Test Equipment

Voltage Source: The input source shall be a constant DC source capable of supplying 390 V_{DC} with minimum 1.0 A_{DC} current rating.

Multimeters: Multimeters are used to measure the output voltage (DMM1), the input voltage (DMM3), the output current (DMM2) and the input load current (DMM4).

Output Load: A programmable electronic load is recommended, configurable for constant current mode and capable of sinking 0 A_{DC} to 25 A_{DC} from 12 V_{DC}. The output voltage can be monitored by connecting a DC voltmeter, DMM1 to sense pins (TP10 and TP18) shown in Figure 3. A DC current meter, DMM2, may be inserted in series with the electronic load for accurate output current measurements. Similarly, the input voltage can be monitored by connecting a DC voltage meter to sense pins (TP1 and TP3). The input current can be monitored by a DC current meter too. These are shown in Figure 3.

Oscilloscope: Set the oscilloscope channel to AC coupling with 20-MHz bandwidth.

5.3 Notes on Power Up and Power Down

The following steps are guidelines for power up and power down of the EVM.

1. An ESD workstation is recommended. Make sure that an ionizer is on before the EVM is removed from the protective packaging and power is applied to the EVM. Electrostatic smock and safety glasses should also be worn.

2. Power Up

    1. Set up an air cooling fan with minimum 400 LFM or 2.0 m/s forced airflow. This airflow direction should point to the middle of DB1 and DB2 and towards transformer T2. The cooling fan should be on throughout the test.

    2. Prior to connecting the DC input source, limit the source current 1.0 A maximum. Make sure the DC source is initially set at 390 V_{DC} prior to turning on. Connect the DC source to the EVM as shown in Figure 3.

    3. Connect the current meters DMM2 and DMM4 as shown in Figure 3.

    4. Connect the volt meter DMM1 and DMM3 as shown in Figure 3.

    5. For operation with a load, connect the electronic load to the EVM as shown in Figure 3. Set the LOAD to constant current mode with initial value of 1.0 A. Note: if the load less than 1.0 A, the UCC25600 may be in burst operation and the EVM output voltage may start hiccup.

    6. Turn on the DC source and observe the output voltage. Its output voltage should be at nominal 12 V_{DC}.

    7. Varying the load between 1.0 A and 25 A.

3. Power Down

    1. Turn off the DC source.

    2. Turn off the load.

5.4 Recommended Test Setup

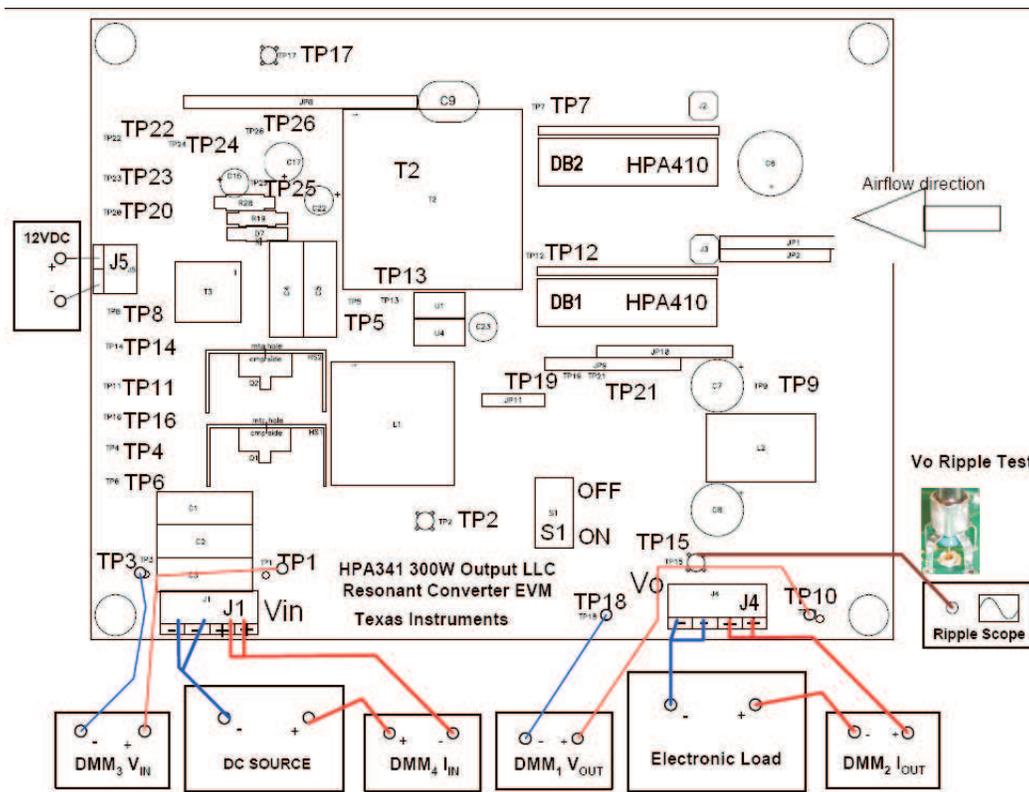**Figure 3. Recommended Test Set Up**

6 Test Procedure

Setup the EVM with equipment as shown in Figure 3 and following the test set up directions described in Section 5.

6.1 Line/Load Regulation and Efficiency Measurement Procedure

Set up the load to 1.0 A and input voltage between 375 V_{DC} and 405 V_{DC}. Prior to turning on the power, set up the input source current limit to 1.0 A to avoid potential damage, although the EVM has its power limit typical 350 W. Turn on the input source. Reference test results of line and load regulation can be found from Section 7

6.2 Output Ripple

Along with the measurement of line and load regulation, the output voltage ripple can be measured at the same time. The method of tip-and-barrel should be used for the output voltage ripple measurement. The EVM provides such type of test point to facilitate the measurement for the type of oscilloscopes from Tektronix as shown in Figure 3. Reference test results of the output voltage ripple can be found in Section 7.

6.3 Efficiency

The efficiency may be calculated based on the test data obtained from Section 6.1. To correctly measure input and output voltage for the efficiency calculation, test points TP1 and TP2 should be used for input voltage measurement, and test points TP10 and TP18 should be used for output voltage measurement. Reference results of efficiency can be found in Section 7.

6.4 Bode Plots

To measure loop compensation bode plots, a sweep signal may be injected through test points TP19 and TP21. The full system bode plots is measured with TP19 and TP21. The controller bode plots is measured with TP21 and U3 pin 4. The modulator bode plots is measured with U3 pin4 and TP19.

6.5 Others

The EVM provides plenty of test points to facilitate the device's evaluation work. Table 2 presents a list of test points. Users can use these test points to make measurement to the functions of their interest. The test points are divided into two groups, namely primary side group and secondary side group. During the measurement setup, be aware of the setup especially for different ground pick up. The EVM is designed with 3500-V reinforced insulation between the primary and the secondary. As such there is no common ground as reference point for the measurement to be made on both sides. In other words, each side has its own ground to be used for measurement reference point.

7   Performance Data and Typical Characteristic Curves

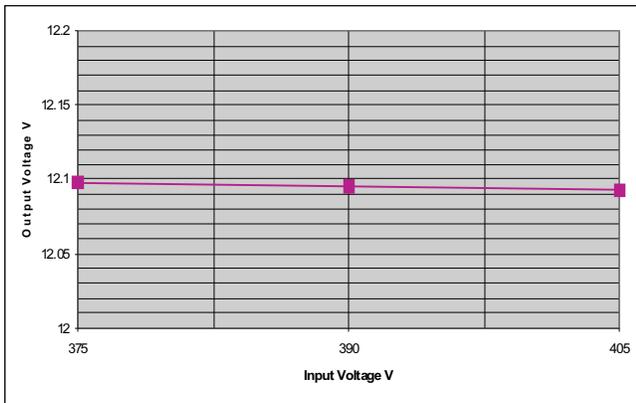Figure 4 through Figure 17 present typical performance curves for UCC25600EVM.

Figure 4. Line Regulation, I$_O$ = 1 A
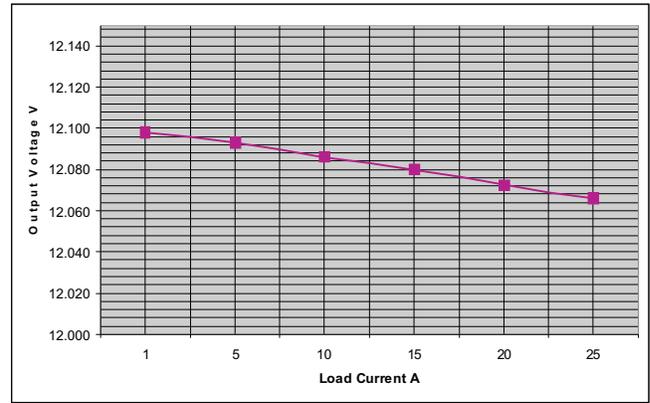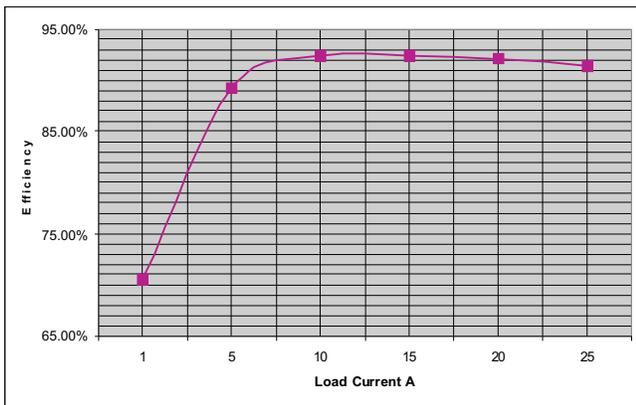

Figure 5. Load Regulation, V$_{IN}$ = 390 V$_{DC}$

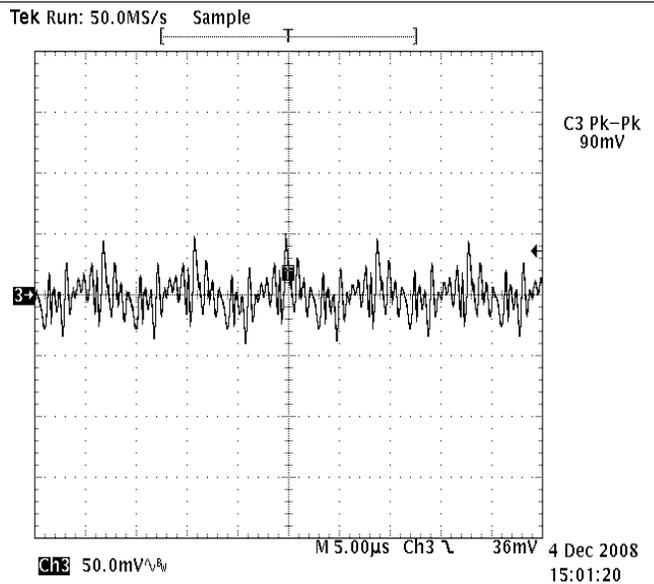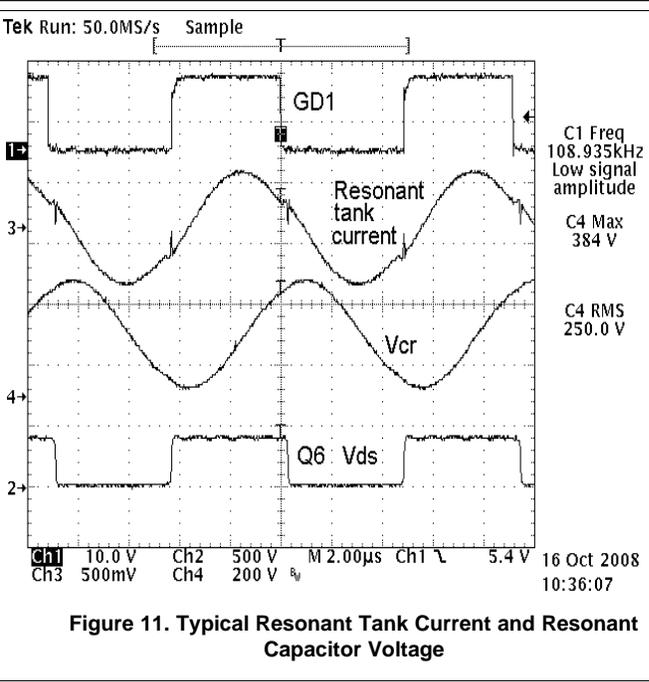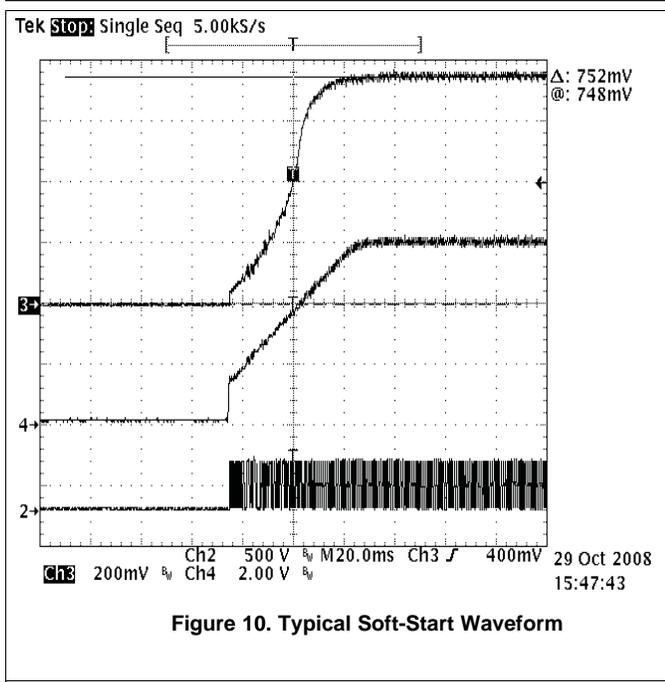

Figure 6. Typical Efficiency at V$_{IN}$ = 390 V$_{DC}$

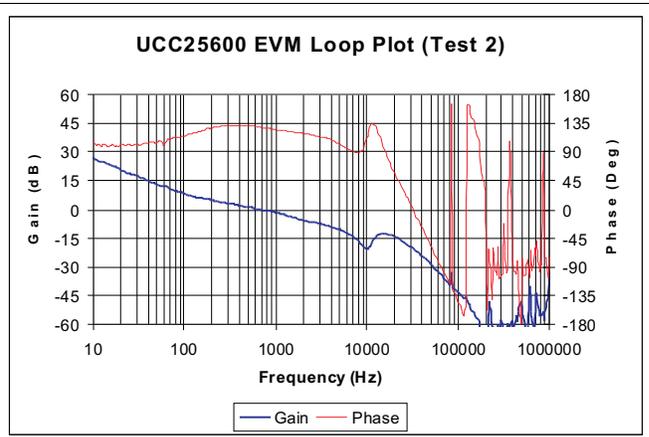**Figure 7. Typical Output Voltage Ripple Waveform at V$_{IN}$ = 390 V and I$_O$ = 15 A (TP15)**

Figure 8. Typical Output Voltage Turn On (TP15)

Figure 9. Full System Loop Compensation (TP19 and TP21)

Figure 10. Typical Soft-Start Waveform

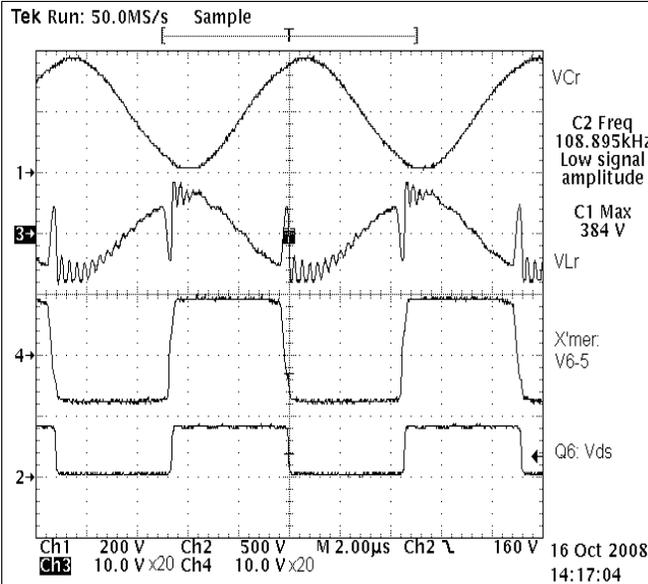Figure 11. Typical Resonant Tank Current and Resonant Capacitor Voltage
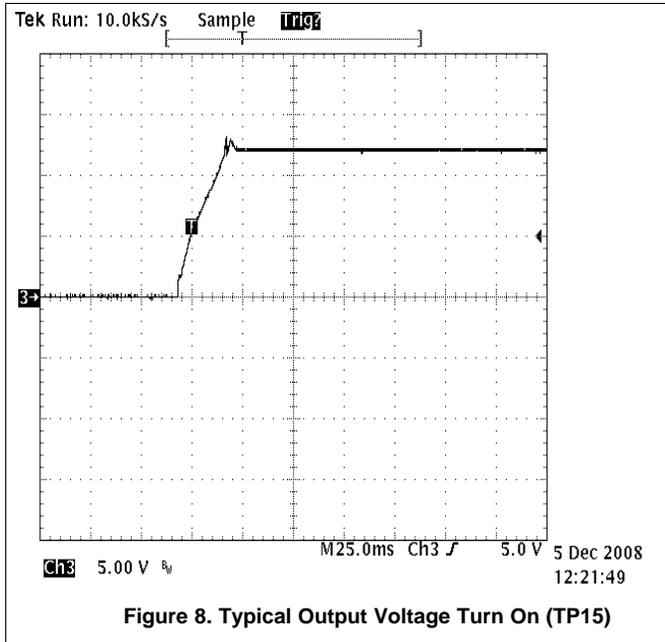
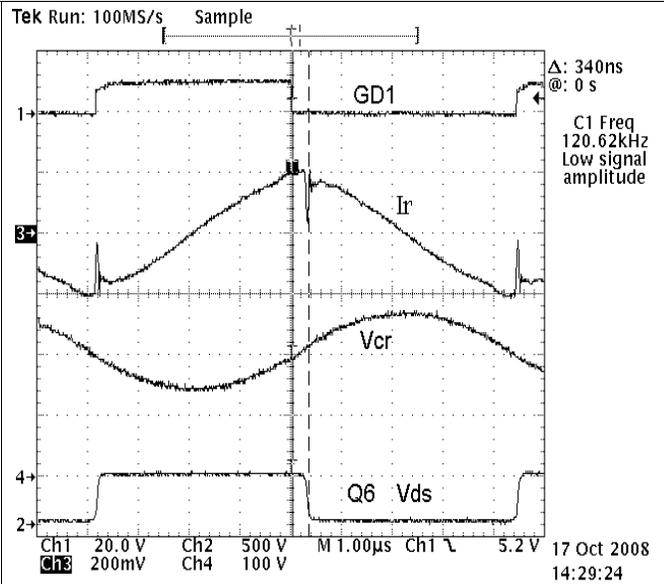**Figure 12. Typical Voltage of the Resonant Circuit**

Figure 13. Typical Resonant Voltage and Current at Light Load
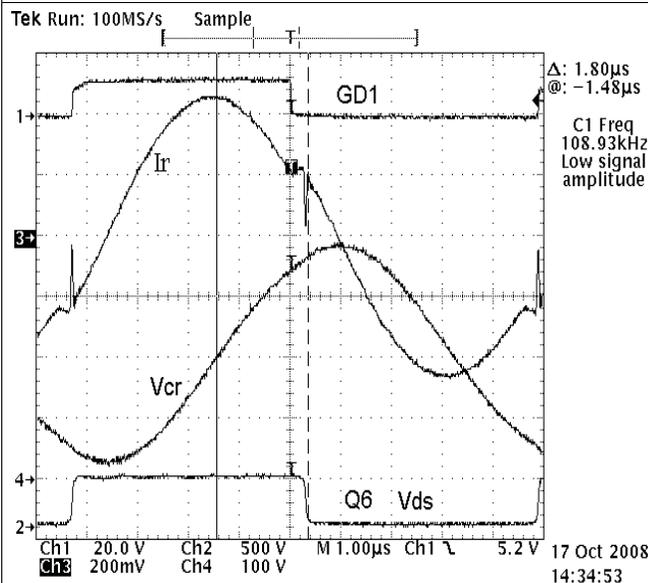

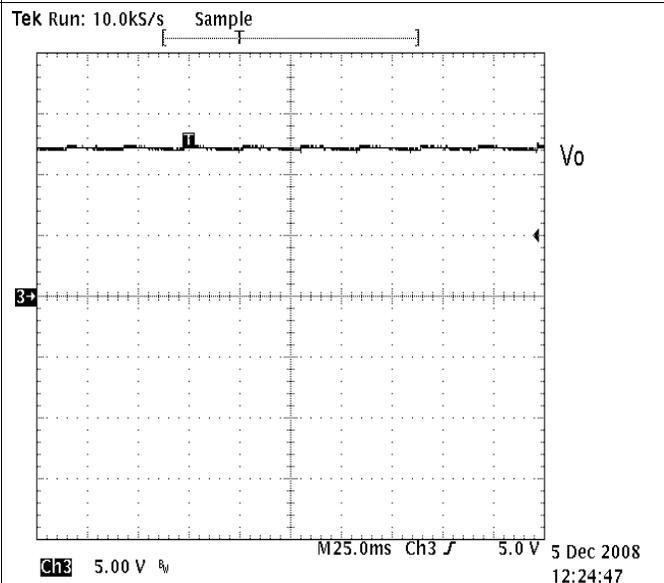**Figure 14. Typical Resonant Voltage and Current at Heavy Load**

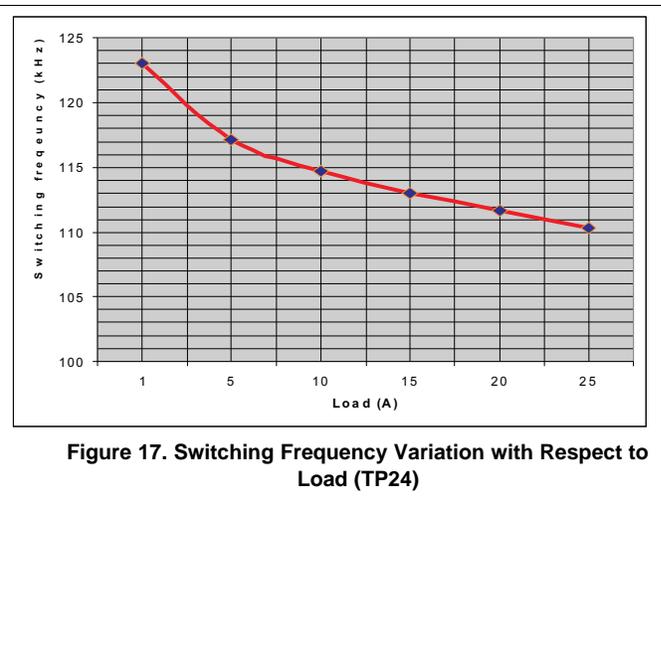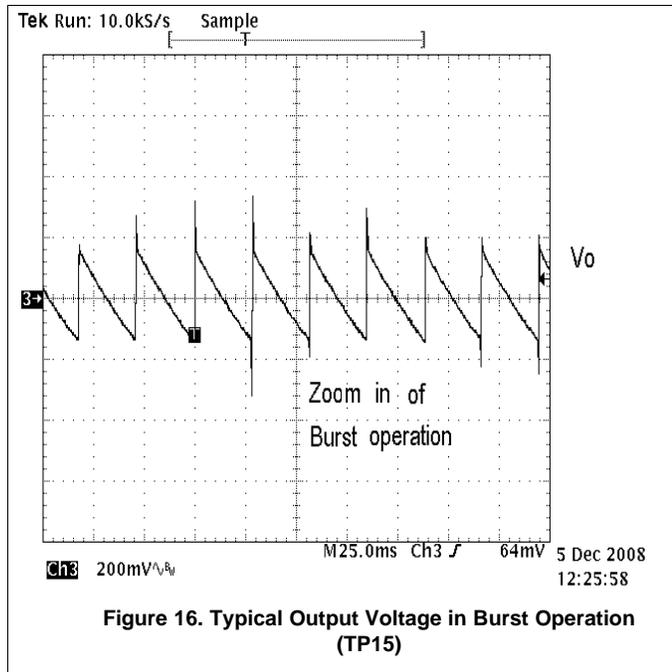**Figure 15. Typical Output Voltage in Burst Operation (TP15)**

Figure 16. Typical Output Voltage in Burst Operation (TP15)

Figure 17. Switching Frequency Variation with Respect to Load (TP24)

8   EVM Assembly Drawing and PCB Layout

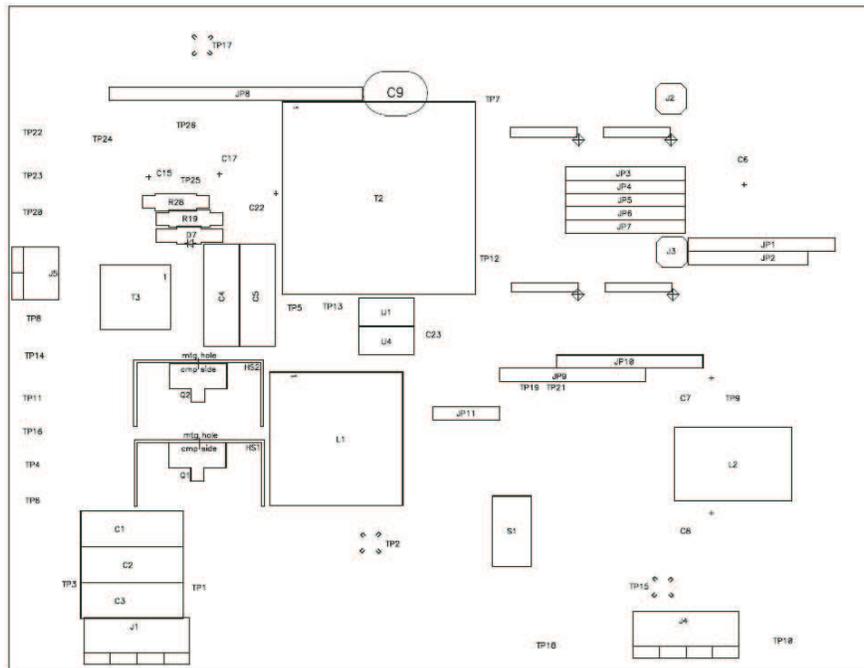Figure 18 through Figure 26 shows the layout of the four-layer printed circuit board used for the EVM.

Figure 18. Top Assemblies

Figure 19. Top Copper
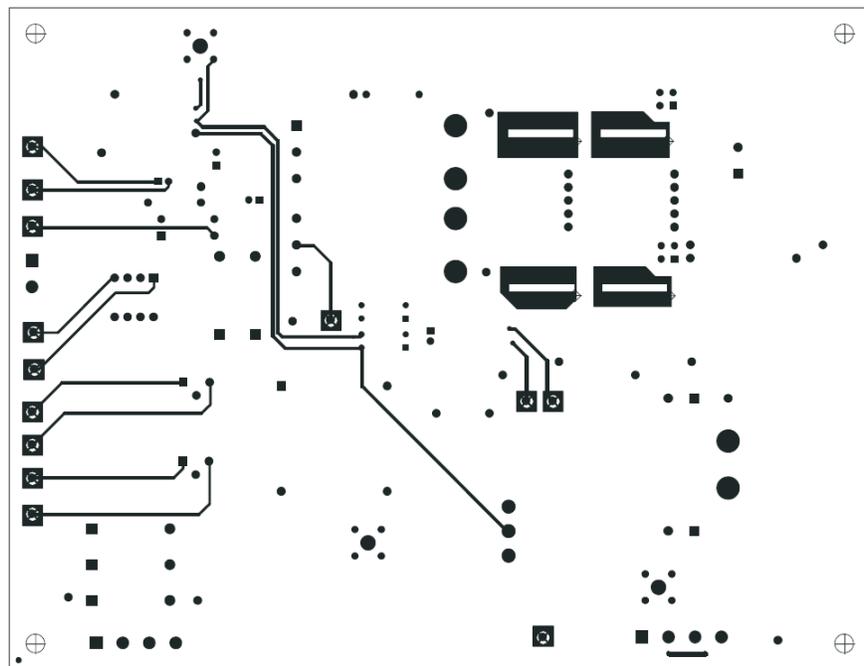
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Figure 20. Bottom Assemblies

Figure 21. Bottom Copper
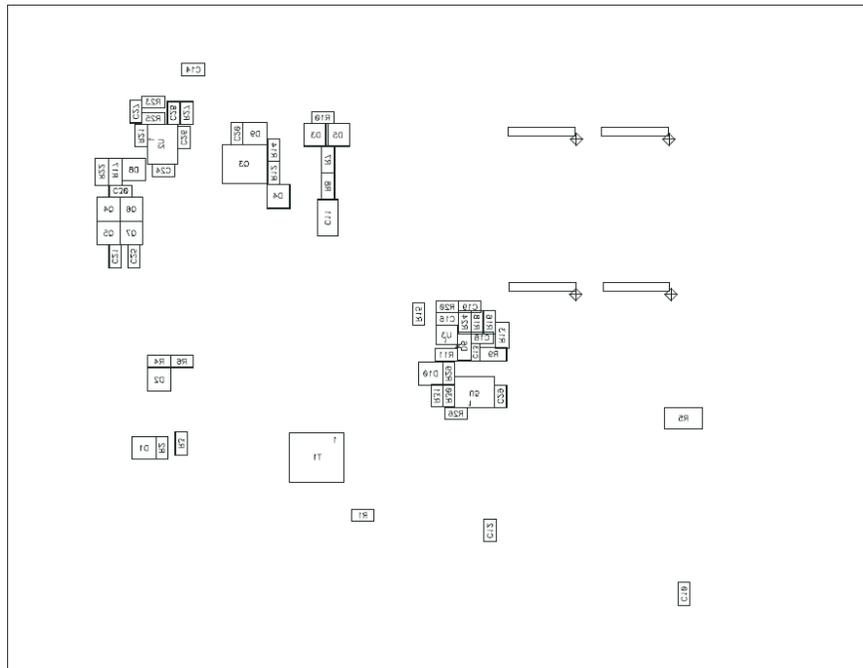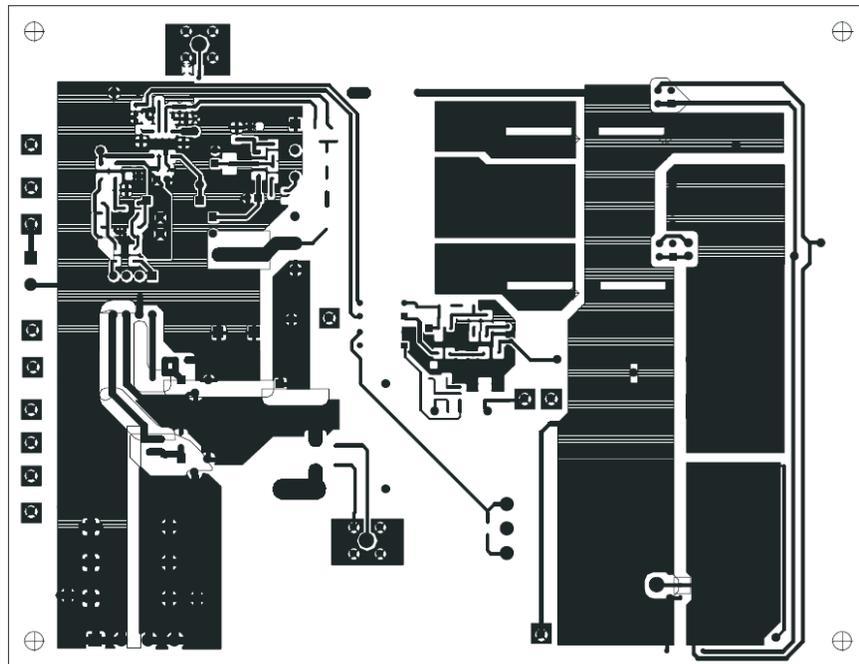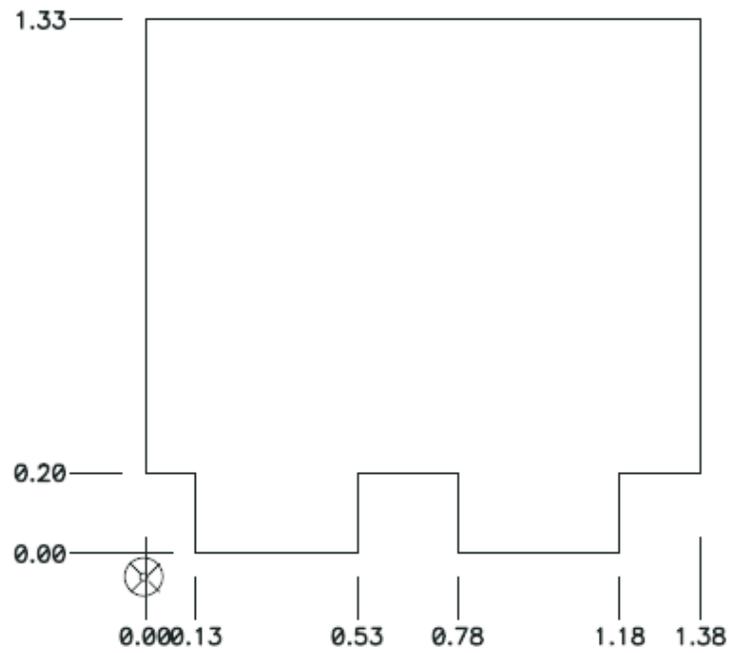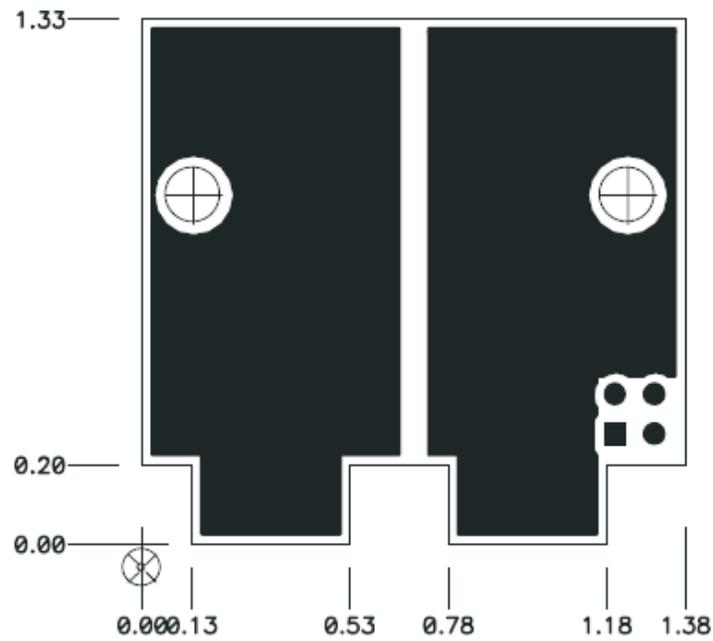
Figure 22. Top Assemblies
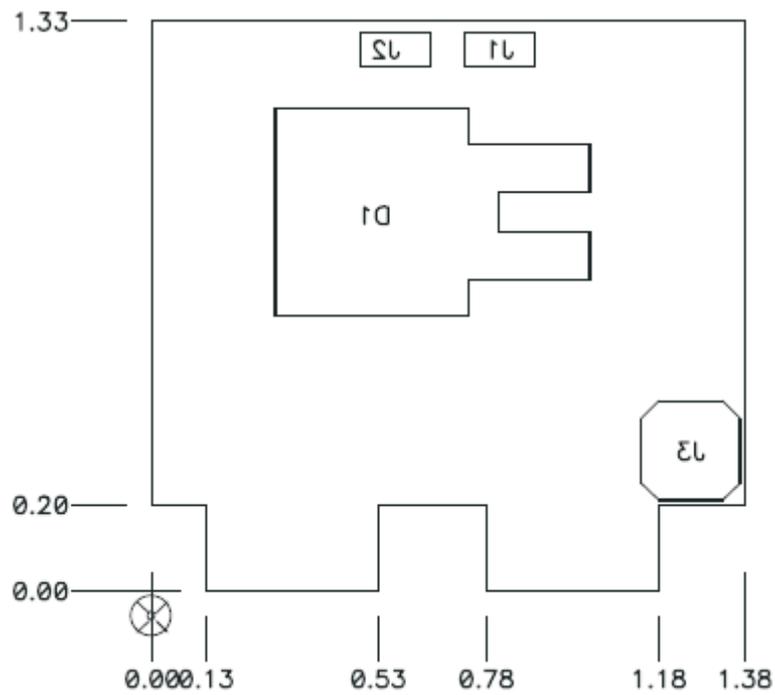
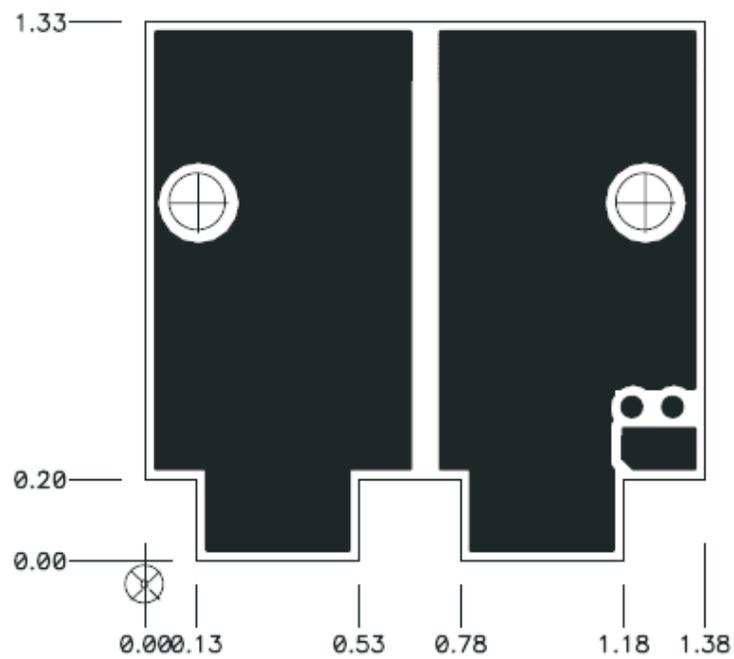

Figure 23. Top Copper

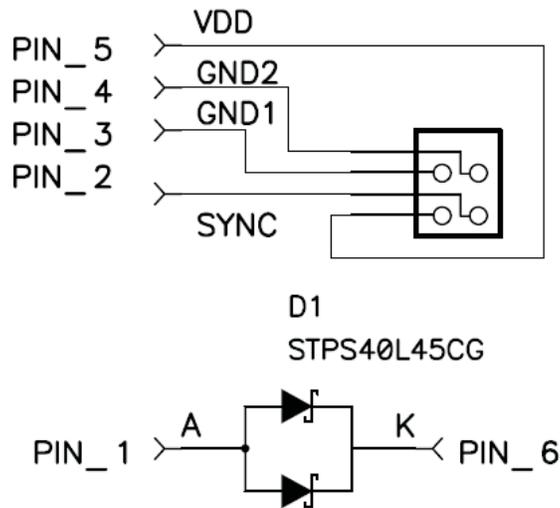**Figure 24. Bottom Assemblies**

Figure 25. Bottom Copper

Figure 26. Schematics

9 List of Materials

The EVM components list according to the schematic shown in Figure 1 is shown below.

Table 3. UCC25600 List of Materials

QTY	REF DES	DESCRIPTION	MFR	PART NUMBER
4	C1, C2, C4, C5	Capacitor, metallized polypropylene film, 12nF, 630VDC, 400VAC	Vishay	2222 383 30123
7	C10, C21, C24, C25, C28, C29, C30	Capacitor, ceramic, 1 μF, 16 V, X5R, 10%, 0805	std	std
1	C11	Capacitor, ceramic, 220 pF, 1 kV, X5R, 10%, 1808	std	std
1	C12	Capacitor, ceramic, 1 nF, 16 V, X5R, 10%, 0805	std	std
1	C13	Capacitor, ceramic, 0.1 μF, 16 V, X7R, 10%, 0603	std	std
1	C15	Capacitor, aluminum, 22 μF, 50 V, 20%	Panasonic	EEU-FC1H220
1	C17	Capacitor, aluminum, 56 μF, 50 V, 20%	Panasonic	EEU-FC1H560
2	C19, C26	Capacitor, ceramic, 47 nF, 50 V, X7R, 10%, 0805	std	std
1	C20	Capacitor, ceramic, 10 nF, 50 V, X7R, 10%, 0805	std	std
1	C22	Capacitor, aluminum, 10 μF, 50 V, 20%	Panasonic	EEU-FC1H100
1	C27	Capacitor, ceramic, 12 nF, 50 V, X7R, 10%, 0805	std	std
1	C6	Capacitor, aluminum electrolytic, 1000 μF, 16V	Panasonic	ECE-A1CN102U
2	C7, C8	Capacitor, aluminum polymer, 330 μF, 16 V, 20%	Chemi-Con	APS-160ELL331MJC5S
1	C9	Capacitor, cer. disc, 4.7 nF, 250 V, 20%	Panasonic	ECK-ANA472ME
5	D1, D2, D3, D4, D5	Diode, switching, 75 V, 200 mA, SOT23	Onsemi	BAS16LT1G
1	D10	Diode, Zener, 5.1 V, 225 mW, 5%	Onsemi	BZX84C5V1LT1G
2	D11, D12	Diode, dual Schottky, 2 x 20 A, 45 V	STM	STPS40L45CG
1	D6	Diode, Zener, 11 V, 500 mW	Onsemi	MMSZ5241BT1G
1	D7	Diode, Schottky, 200 mA, 30 V	Philips	BAT85
1	D8	Diode, Zener, 15 V, 225 mW	Onsemi	BZX84C15LT1G
1	D9	Diode, Zener, 12 V, 225 mW	Onsemi	BZX84C12LT1G
1	L1	Inductor, 55 μH	Vitec	75P8106

Table 3. UCC25600 List of Materials (continued)

QTY	REF DES	DESCRIPTION	MFR	PART NUMBER
1	L2	Inductor, 48 A, 0.49 μH	Pulse	PG0123NL
2	Q1, Q2	MOSFET, N-channel, 650 V, 38 A	Infineon	IPP65R099C6
1	Q3	Transistor, NPN, 40 V, 1 A	Fairchild	PZT2222A
2	Q4, Q6	Transistor, NPN, 30 V, 0.1 A	Infineon	2N2222
2	Q5, Q7	MOSFET, P-channel, 65 V, 0.1 A	Philips	2N2907
1	R1	Resistor, chip, 14.7 Ω,1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
3	R11, R15, R31	Resistor, chip, 1.00 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R12	Resistor, chip, 0 Ω, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R13	Resistor, chip, 49.9 Ω, 1/4 W, 1%, 1206	std	std
1	R14	Resistor, chip, 2.00 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
2	R16, R30	Resistor, chip, 19.6 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
2	R17, R22	Resistor, chip, 10.0 Ω, 1/4 W, 1%, 1206	std	std
1	R19	Resistor, film, 0 Ω, 1/4 W, 1%, RN55	std	std
2	R2, R4	Resistor, chip, 3.30 Ω, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R20	Resistor, chip, 17.8 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R21	Resistor, chip, 12.1 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R23	Resistor, chip, 511 Ω, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R24	Resistor, chip, 5.11 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R25	Resistor, chip, 2.37 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R27	Resistor, chip, 4.99 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R28	Resistor, film, 10.0 Ω, 1/4 W, 1%, RN55	std	std
1	R29	Resistor, chip, 12.7 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
3	R3, R6, R26	Resistor, chip, 10.0 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
1	R5	Resistor, chip, 100 kΩ, 1/8 W, 1%, 0805	std	std
2	R7, R8	Resistor, chip, 150 kΩ, 1/4 W, 1%, 1206	std	std
1	R9	Resistor, chip, 150 Ω, 1/4 W, 1%, 1206	std	std
1	S1	Switch, actuator SPDT	C & K	1101M2S3CQE2
1	T1	Transformer, current sense, 20 A, 1:100	Pulse	P1005.100
1	T2	Xfmr, half-bridge	Vitec	75P8105
1	T3	Transformer, gate drive	Vitec Electronics	56P3362
2	U1, U4	IC, optocoupler	Fairchild	H11A817A300
1	U2	Resonant mode controller	TI	UCC25600D
1	U3	2.5V precision adjustable shunt regulator	TI	TL431ACDBVR
1	U5	Dual differential comparators	TI	LM293AD
2	DB1, DB2	Rectifier daughter card	TI	HPA410A
1	D1	Diode, dual Schottky, 2 x 20 A, 45 V, D2PAK	STM	STPS40L45CG

10   References

1. *UCC25600 8-Pin High-Performance Resonant Mode Controller*, datasheet, SLUS846, September 2008.

Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Original (April 2009) to A Revision **Page**

• Changed New FET part number 4

STANDARD TERMS FOR EVALUATION MODULES

1. *Delivery:* TI delivers TI evaluation boards, kits, or modules, including any accompanying demonstration software, components, and/or documentation which may be provided together or separately (collectively, an "EVM" or "EVMs") to the User ("User") in accordance with the terms set forth herein. User's acceptance of the EVM is expressly subject to the following terms.

    1.1 EVMs are intended solely for product or software developers for use in a research and development setting to facilitate feasibility evaluation, experimentation, or scientific analysis of TI semiconductors products. EVMs have no direct function and are not finished products. EVMs shall not be directly or indirectly assembled as a part or subassembly in any finished product. For clarification, any software or software tools provided with the EVM ("Software") shall not be subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein but rather shall be subject to the applicable terms that accompany such Software

    1.2 EVMs are not intended for consumer or household use. EVMs may not be sold, sublicensed, leased, rented, loaned, assigned, or otherwise distributed for commercial purposes by Users, in whole or in part, or used in any finished product or production system.

2 *Limited Warranty and Related Remedies/Disclaimers*:

    2.1 These terms do not apply to Software. The warranty, if any, for Software is covered in the applicable Software License Agreement.

    2.2 TI warrants that the TI EVM will conform to TI's published specifications for ninety (90) days after the date TI delivers such EVM to User. Notwithstanding the foregoing, TI shall not be liable for a nonconforming EVM if (a) the nonconformity was caused by neglect, misuse or mistreatment by an entity other than TI, including improper installation or testing, or for any EVMs that have been altered or modified in any way by an entity other than TI, (b) the nonconformity resulted from User's design, specifications or instructions for such EVMs or improper system design, or (c) User has not paid on time. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary. TI does not test all parameters of each EVM. User's claims against TI under this Section 2 are void if User fails to notify TI of any apparent defects in the EVMs within ten (10) business days after delivery, or of any hidden defects with ten (10) business days after the defect has been detected.

    2.3 TI's sole liability shall be at its option to repair or replace EVMs that fail to conform to the warranty set forth above, or credit User's account for such EVM. TI's liability under this warranty shall be limited to EVMs that are returned during the warranty period to the address designated by TI and that are determined by TI not to conform to such warranty. If TI elects to repair or replace such EVM, TI shall have a reasonable time to repair such EVM or provide replacements. Repaired EVMs shall be warranted for the remainder of the original warranty period. Replaced EVMs shall be warranted for a new full ninety (90) day warranty period.

3 *Regulatory Notices:*

    3.1 *United States*

        3.1.1 *Notice applicable to EVMs not FCC-Approved:*

        FCC NOTICE: This kit is designed to allow product developers to evaluate electronic components, circuitry, or software associated with the kit to determine whether to incorporate such items in a finished product and software developers to write software applications for use with the end product. This kit is not a finished product and when assembled may not be resold or otherwise marketed unless all required FCC equipment authorizations are first obtained. Operation is subject to the condition that this product not cause harmful interference to licensed radio stations and that this product accept harmful interference. Unless the assembled kit is designed to operate under part 15, part 18 or part 95 of this chapter, the operator of the kit must operate under the authority of an FCC license holder or must secure an experimental authorization under part 5 of this chapter.

        3.1.2 *For EVMs annotated as FCC – FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Part 15 Compliant:*

        CAUTION

        This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

        Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

        FCC Interference Statement for Class A EVM devices

        NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

FCC Interference Statement for Class B EVM devices

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- *Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.*
- *Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.*
- *Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.*
- *Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.*

3.2   *Canada*

  3.2.1   *For EVMs issued with an Industry Canada Certificate of Conformance to RSS-210 or RSS-247*

Concerning EVMs Including Radio Transmitters:

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Concernant les EVMs avec appareils radio:

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Concerning EVMs Including Detachable Antennas:

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication. This radio transmitter has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed in the user guide with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Concernant les EVMs avec antennes détachables

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante. Le présent émetteur radio a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés dans le manuel d'usage et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur

3.3   *Japan*

  3.3.1   *Notice for EVMs delivered in Japan:* Please see http://www.tij.co.jp/lsds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_01.page 日本国内に輸入される評価用キット、ボードについては、次のところをご覧ください。
  http://www.tij.co.jp/lsds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_01.page

  3.3.2   *Notice for Users of EVMs Considered "Radio Frequency Products" in Japan:* EVMs entering Japan may not be certified by TI as conforming to Technical Regulations of Radio Law of Japan.

If User uses EVMs in Japan, not certified to Technical Regulations of Radio Law of Japan, User is required to follow the instructions set forth by Radio Law of Japan, which includes, but is not limited to, the instructions below with respect to EVMs (which for the avoidance of doubt are stated strictly for convenience and should be verified by User):

1. Use EVMs in a shielded room or any other test facility as defined in the notification #173 issued by Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications on March 28, 2006, based on Sub-section 1.1 of Article 6 of the Ministry's Rule for Enforcement of Radio Law of Japan,

2. Use EVMs only after User obtains the license of Test Radio Station as provided in Radio Law of Japan with respect to EVMs, or

3. Use of EVMs only after User obtains the Technical Regulations Conformity Certification as provided in Radio Law of Japan with respect to EVMs. Also, do not transfer EVMs, unless User gives the same notice above to the transferee. Please note that if User does not follow the instructions above, User will be subject to penalties of Radio Law of Japan.

【無線電波を送信する製品の開発キットをお使いになる際の注意事項】 開発キットの中には技術基準適合証明を受けて
いないものがあります。 技術適合証明を受けていないもののご使用に際しては、電波法遵守のため、以下のいずれかの
措置を取っていただく必要がありますのでご注意ください。

1. 電波法施行規則第6条第1項第1号に基づく平成18年3月28日総務省告示第173号で定められた電波暗室等の試験設備でご使用
   いただく。
2. 実験局の免許を取得後ご使用いただく。
3. 技術基準適合証明を取得後ご使用いただく。

なお、本製品は、上記の「ご使用にあたっての注意」を譲渡先、移転先に通知しない限り、譲渡、移転できないものとします。
         上記を遵守頂けない場合は、電波法の罰則が適用される可能性があることをご留意ください。 日本テキサス・イ

ンスツルメンツ株式会社

東京都新宿区西新宿６丁目２４番１号

西新宿三井ビル

   3.3.3 *Notice for EVMs for Power Line Communication:* Please see http://www.tij.co.jp/lsds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_02.page

      電力線搬送波通信についての開発キットをお使いになる際の注意事項については、次のところをご覧ください。http://www.tij.co.jp/lsds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_02.page

  3.4 *European Union*

    3.4.1 *For EVMs subject to EU Directive 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive)*:

      This is a class A product intended for use in environments other than domestic environments that are connected to a low-voltage power-supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

4 *EVM Use Restrictions and Warnings:*

  4.1 EVMS ARE NOT FOR USE IN FUNCTIONAL SAFETY AND/OR SAFETY CRITICAL EVALUATIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO EVALUATIONS OF LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS.

  4.2 User must read and apply the user guide and other available documentation provided by TI regarding the EVM prior to handling or using the EVM, including without limitation any warning or restriction notices. The notices contain important safety information related to, for example, temperatures and voltages.

  4.3 *Safety-Related Warnings and Restrictions:*

    4.3.1 User shall operate the EVM within TI's recommended specifications and environmental considerations stated in the user guide, other available documentation provided by TI, and any other applicable requirements and employ reasonable and customary safeguards. Exceeding the specified performance ratings and specifications (including but not limited to input and output voltage, current, power, and environmental ranges) for the EVM may cause personal injury or death, or property damage. If there are questions concerning performance ratings and specifications, User should contact a TI field representative prior to connecting interface electronics including input power and intended loads. Any loads applied outside of the specified output range may also result in unintended and/or inaccurate operation and/or possible permanent damage to the EVM and/or interface electronics. Please consult the EVM user guide prior to connecting any load to the EVM output. If there is uncertainty as to the load specification, please contact a TI field representative. During normal operation, even with the inputs and outputs kept within the specified allowable ranges, some circuit components may have elevated case temperatures. These components include but are not limited to linear regulators, switching transistors, pass transistors, current sense resistors, and heat sinks, which can be identified using the information in the associated documentation. When working with the EVM, please be aware that the EVM may become very warm.

    4.3.2 EVMs are intended solely for use by technically qualified, professional electronics experts who are familiar with the dangers and application risks associated with handling electrical mechanical components, systems, and subsystems. User assumes all responsibility and liability for proper and safe handling and use of the EVM by User or its employees, affiliates, contractors or designees. User assumes all responsibility and liability to ensure that any interfaces (electronic and/or mechanical) between the EVM and any human body are designed with suitable isolation and means to safely limit accessible leakage currents to minimize the risk of electrical shock hazard. User assumes all responsibility and liability for any improper or unsafe handling or use of the EVM by User or its employees, affiliates, contractors or designees.

  4.4 User assumes all responsibility and liability to determine whether the EVM is subject to any applicable international, federal, state, or local laws and regulations related to User's handling and use of the EVM and, if applicable, User assumes all responsibility and liability for compliance in all respects with such laws and regulations. User assumes all responsibility and liability for proper disposal and recycling of the EVM consistent with all applicable international, federal, state, and local requirements.

5. *Accuracy of Information:* To the extent TI provides information on the availability and function of EVMs, TI attempts to be as accurate as possible. However, TI does not warrant the accuracy of EVM descriptions, EVM availability or other information on its websites as accurate, complete, reliable, current, or error-free.

6. *Disclaimers:*

   6.1 EXCEPT AS SET FORTH ABOVE, EVMS AND ANY MATERIALS PROVIDED WITH THE EVM (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, REFERENCE DESIGNS AND THE DESIGN OF THE EVM ITSELF) ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" AND "WITH ALL FAULTS." TI DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING SUCH ITEMS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY EPIDEMIC FAILURE WARRANTY OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF ANY THIRD PARTY PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, TRADE SECRETS OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

   6.2 EXCEPT FOR THE LIMITED RIGHT TO USE THE EVM SET FORTH HEREIN, NOTHING IN THESE TERMS SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS GRANTING OR CONFERRING ANY RIGHTS BY LICENSE, PATENT, OR ANY OTHER INDUSTRIAL OR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT OF TI, ITS SUPPLIERS/LICENSORS OR ANY OTHER THIRD PARTY, TO USE THE EVM IN ANY FINISHED END-USER OR READY-TO-USE FINAL PRODUCT, OR FOR ANY INVENTION, DISCOVERY OR IMPROVEMENT, REGARDLESS OF WHEN MADE, CONCEIVED OR ACQUIRED.

7. *USER'S INDEMNITY OBLIGATIONS AND REPRESENTATIONS.* USER WILL DEFEND, INDEMNIFY AND HOLD TI, ITS LICENSORS AND THEIR REPRESENTATIVES HARMLESS FROM AND AGAINST ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, DAMAGES, LOSSES, EXPENSES, COSTS AND LIABILITIES (COLLECTIVELY, "CLAIMS") ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH ANY HANDLING OR USE OF THE EVM THAT IS NOT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE TERMS. THIS OBLIGATION SHALL APPLY WHETHER CLAIMS ARISE UNDER STATUTE, REGULATION, OR THE LAW OF TORT, CONTRACT OR ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY, AND EVEN IF THE EVM FAILS TO PERFORM AS DESCRIBED OR EXPECTED.

8. *Limitations on Damages and Liability:*

   8.1 *General Limitations.* IN NO EVENT SHALL TI BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, COLLATERAL, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF THESE TERMS OR THE USE OF THE EVMS , REGARDLESS OF WHETHER TI HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. EXCLUDED DAMAGES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, COST OF REMOVAL OR REINSTALLATION, ANCILLARY COSTS TO THE PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES, RETESTING, OUTSIDE COMPUTER TIME, LABOR COSTS, LOSS OF GOODWILL, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF SAVINGS, LOSS OF USE, LOSS OF DATA, OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION. NO CLAIM, SUIT OR ACTION SHALL BE BROUGHT AGAINST TI MORE THAN TWELVE (12) MONTHS AFTER THE EVENT THAT GAVE RISE TO THE CAUSE OF ACTION HAS OCCURRED.

   8.2 *Specific Limitations.* IN NO EVENT SHALL TI'S AGGREGATE LIABILITY FROM ANY USE OF AN EVM PROVIDED HEREUNDER, INCLUDING FROM ANY WARRANTY, INDEMNITY OR OTHER OBLIGATION ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THESE TERMS, , EXCEED THE TOTAL AMOUNT PAID TO TI BY USER FOR THE PARTICULAR EVM(S) AT ISSUE DURING THE PRIOR TWELVE (12) MONTHS WITH RESPECT TO WHICH LOSSES OR DAMAGES ARE CLAIMED. THE EXISTENCE OF MORE THAN ONE CLAIM SHALL NOT ENLARGE OR EXTEND THIS LIMIT.

9. *Return Policy.* Except as otherwise provided, TI does not offer any refunds, returns, or exchanges. Furthermore, no return of EVM(s) will be accepted if the package has been opened and no return of the EVM(s) will be accepted if they are damaged or otherwise not in a resalable condition. If User feels it has been incorrectly charged for the EVM(s) it ordered or that delivery violates the applicable order, User should contact TI. All refunds will be made in full within thirty (30) working days from the return of the components(s), excluding any postage or packaging costs.

10. *Governing Law:* These terms and conditions shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, without reference to conflict-of-laws principles. User agrees that non-exclusive jurisdiction for any dispute arising out of or relating to these terms and conditions lies within courts located in the State of Texas and consents to venue in Dallas County, Texas. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any judgment may be enforced in any United States or foreign court, and TI may seek injunctive relief in any United States or foreign court.