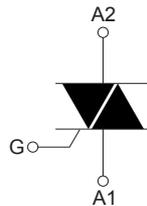


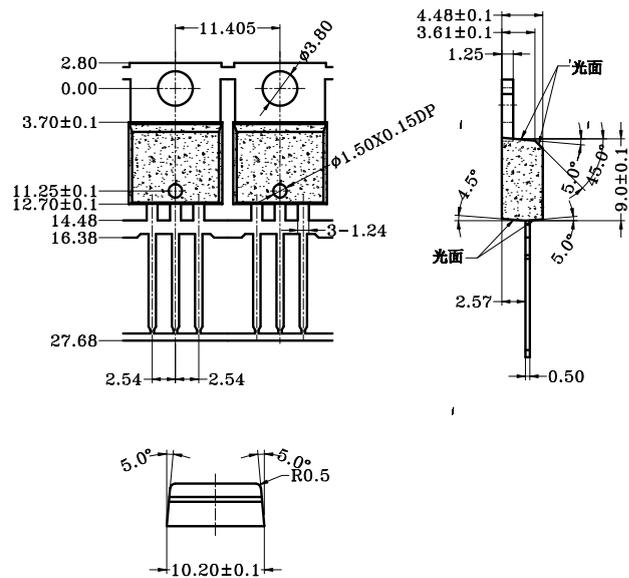
Features

- Medium current Triac
- Low thermal resistance with clip bonding
- Low thermal resistance insulation ceramic for insulated BTA
- High commutation (4Q) or very high commutation (3Q, Snubberless™) capability

BTA series UL1557 certified (file ref: 81734)
 Packages are RoHS (2002/95/EC) compliant
 insulated tab (BTA series, rated at 2500 V_{RMS})



TO-220



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_j = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
V _{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltage	600 / 800	V	
V _{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	600 / 800	V	
I _{T(RMS)}	RMS on-state current (full sine wave)	TO-220AB, D ² PAK T _c = 105 °C	12	A
		TO-220AB Ins. T _c = 90 °C		
I _{TSM}	Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (full cycle, T _j initial = 25 °C)	f = 50 Hz t = 20 ms	120	A
		f = 60 Hz t _p = 16.7 ms		
I ² t	I ² t value for fusing	t _p = 10 ms	78	A ² s
di/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current I _G = 2 × I _{GT} , tr ≤ 100 ns	f = 120 Hz T _j = 125 °C	50	A/μs
V _{DSM} /V _{RSM}	Non repetitive surge peak off-state voltage	t _p = 10 ms T _j = 25 °C	V _{DRM} / V _{RRM} + 100	V
I _{GM}	Peak gate current	t _p = 20 μs T _j = 125 °C	4	A
P _{G(AV)}	Average gate power dissipation	T _j = 125 °C	1	W
T _{stg}	Storage junction temperature range		-40 to +150	°C
T _j	Operating junction temperature range		-40 to +125	°C

BTA12, BTB12, T1205 T1210, T1235, T1250

Electrical characteristics ($T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified) - standard (4 quadrants)

Symbol	Parameter	Quadrant		Value		Unit
				C	B	
$I_{GT}^{(1)}$	$V_D = 12\text{ V}, R_L = 30\ \Omega$	I - II - III	Max.	25	50	mA
		IV		50	100	
V_{GT}		All	Max.	1.3		V
V_{GD}	$V_D = V_{DRM}, R_L = 33\text{ k}\Omega, T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	All	Min.	0.2		V
$I_H^{(2)}$	$I_T = 500\text{ mA}$	I - II - III	Max.	25	50	mA
I_L	$I_G = 1.2\ I_{GT}$	I - III - IV	Max.	40	50	mA
		II		80	100	
$dV/dt^{(2)}$	$V_D = 67\% V_{DRM}$ gate open, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		Min.	200	400	V/ μs
$(dV/dt)_C^{(2)}$	$(dI/dt)_C = 5.3\text{ A/ms}, T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		Min.	5	10	V/ μs

1. Minimum I_{GT} is guaranteed at 5 % of I_{GT} max.
2. For both polarities of A2 referenced to A1

Electrical characteristics ($T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified) - Snubberless and logic level (3 quadrants)

Symbol	Parameter	Quadrant		T1205	T1210	T1235	T1250	Unit
				BTB12-TW BTA12-TW	BTB12-SW BTA12-SW	BTB12-CW BTA12-CW	BTB12-BW BTA12-BW	
$I_{GT}^{(1)}$	$V_D = 12\text{ V}, R_L = 30\ \Omega$	I - II - III	Max.	5	10	35	50	mA
V_{GT}		I - II - III	Max.	1.3				
V_{GD}	$V_D = V_{DRM}, R_L = 3.3\text{ k}\Omega, T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	I - II - III	Min.	0.2				V
$I_H^{(2)}$	$I_T = 100\text{ mA}$	I - II - III	Max.	10	15	35	50	mA
$I_L^{(2)}$	$I_G = 1.2 \times I_{GT}$	I - III	Max.	10	25	50	70	mA
		II	Max.	15	30	60	80	
$dV/dt^{(2)}$	$V_D = 67\% V_{DRM}$, gate open, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		Max.	20	40	500	1000	V/ μs
$(dI/dt)_C^{(2)}$	$(dV/dt)_C = 0.1\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}, T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		Min.	3.5	6.5			A/ms
	$(dV/dt)_C = 10\text{ V}/\mu\text{s}, T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		Min.	1.0	2.9			
	Without snubber, $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		Min.			6.5	12	

1. Minimum I_{GT} is guaranteed at 5 % of I_{GT} max.
2. For both polarities of A2 referenced to A1

BTA12, BTB12, T1205 T1210, T1235, T1250

Static electrical characteristics

Symbol	Test conditions			Value	Unit
$V_{TM}^{(1)}$	$I_{TM} = 17\text{ A}$, $t_p = 380\ \mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 25\ ^\circ\text{C}$	Max.	1.55	V
$V_{TO}^{(1)}$	threshold on-state voltage	$T_j = 125\ ^\circ\text{C}$	Max.	0.85	V
$R_D^{(1)}$	Dynamic resistance	$T_j = 125\ ^\circ\text{C}$	Max.	35	m Ω
I_{DRM} I_{RRM}	$V_{DRM} = V_{RRM}$	$T_j = 25\ ^\circ\text{C}$	Max.	5	μA
		$T_j = 125\ ^\circ\text{C}$	Max.	1	mA

1. For both polarities of A2 referenced to A1

Thermal resistance

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit	
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Max. junction to case thermal resistance (AC)		D ² PAK / TO-220AB	Max.	1.4	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
			TO-220AB insulated	Max.	2.3	
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Junction to ambient	$S = 2\ \text{cm}^2\ ^{(1)}$	D ² PAK	Typ.	45	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	Junction to ambient		TO-220AB / TO-220AB insulated	Typ.	60	

1. S = Copper surface under tab.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (BTA12,BTB12,T1205,T1210,T1235,T1250)

Figure 1. Maximum power dissipation versus on-state RMS current (full cycle)

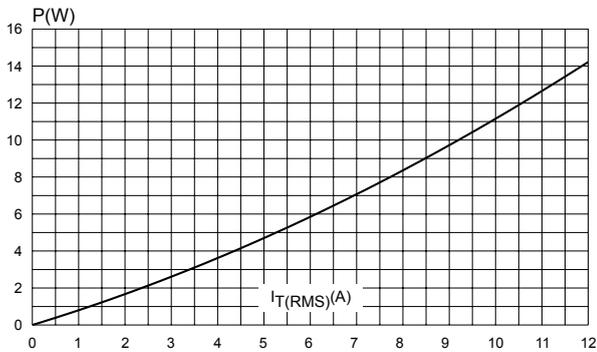


Figure 2. RMS on-state current versus case temperature (full cycle)

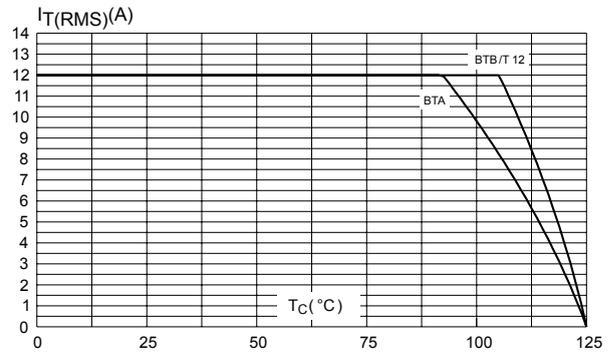


Figure 3. RMS on-state current versus ambient temperature (printed circuit board FR4, copper thickness: 35 μm) (full cycle)

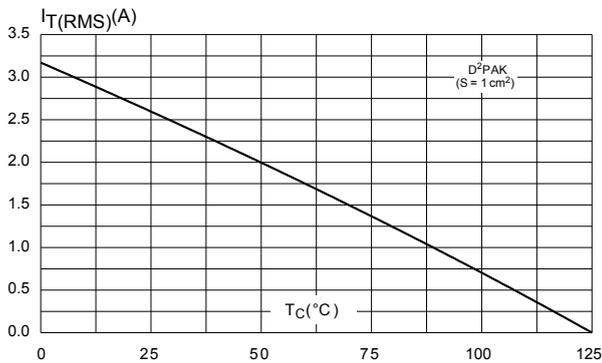


Figure 4. Relative variation of thermal impedance versus pulse duration

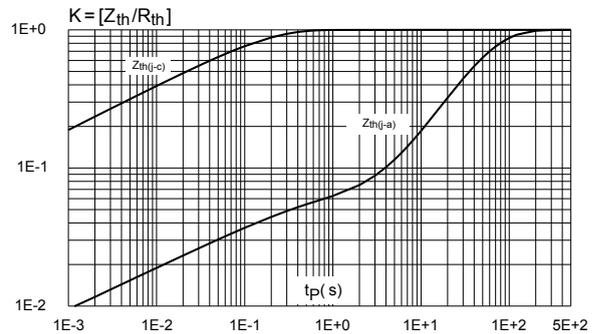


Figure 5. On-state characteristics (maximum values)

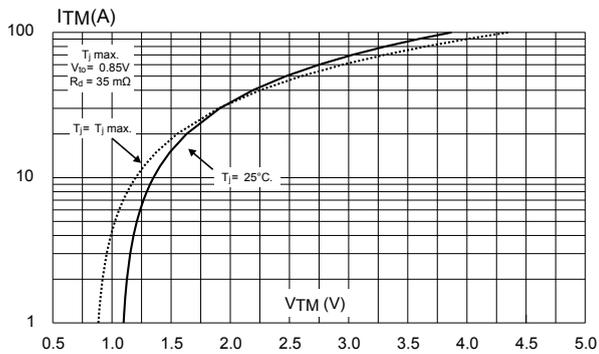
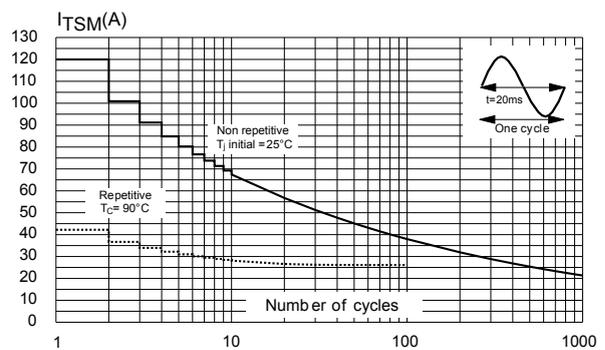


Figure 6. Surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles



RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (BTA12,BTB12,T1205,T1210,T1235,T1250)

Figure 7. Non repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse

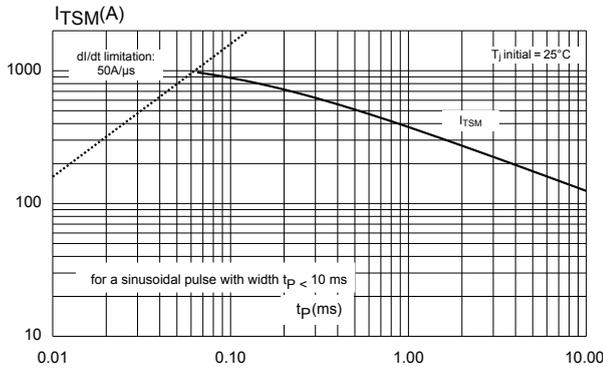


Figure 8. Relative variation of gate trigger current holding current and latching current versus junction temperature (typical values)

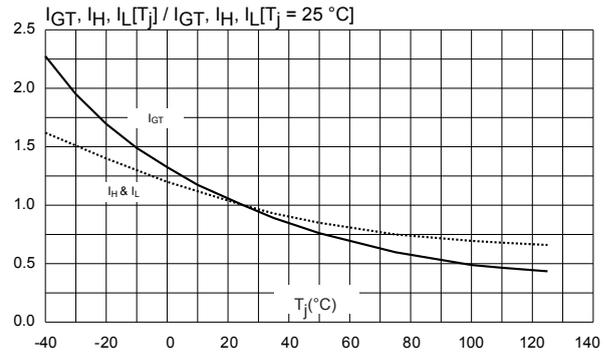


Figure 9. Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus (dV/dt)c (typical values)

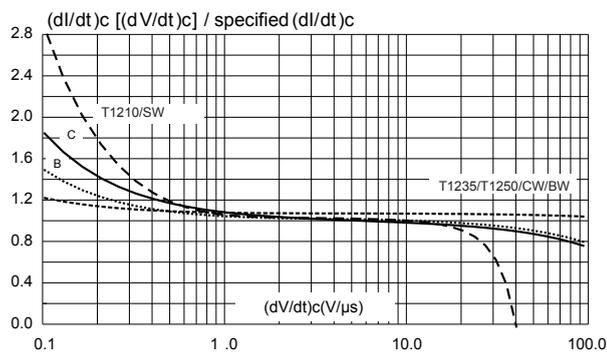


Figure 10. Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus (dV/dt)c (typical values)(TW)

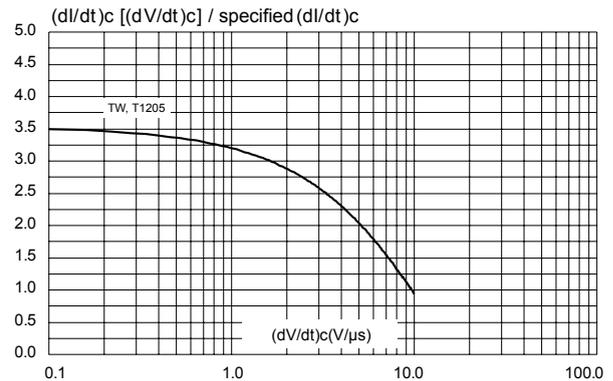


Figure 11. Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus junction temperature

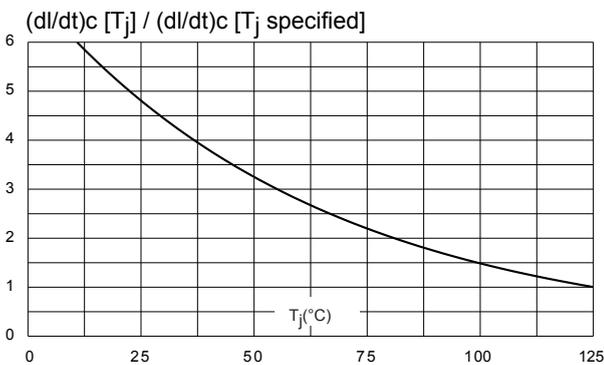


Figure 12. D²PAK thermal resistance junction to ambient versus copper surface under tab

